

A detailed 3D wireframe model of a particle accelerator ring, showing the complex structure of the beam pipe and various components. The ring is elliptical and has a grid-like appearance. In the background, there are smaller wireframe models of other parts of the facility, including a large rectangular building and various smaller structures.

# Application of Libera Hadron at GSI

Oleksandr Chorniy

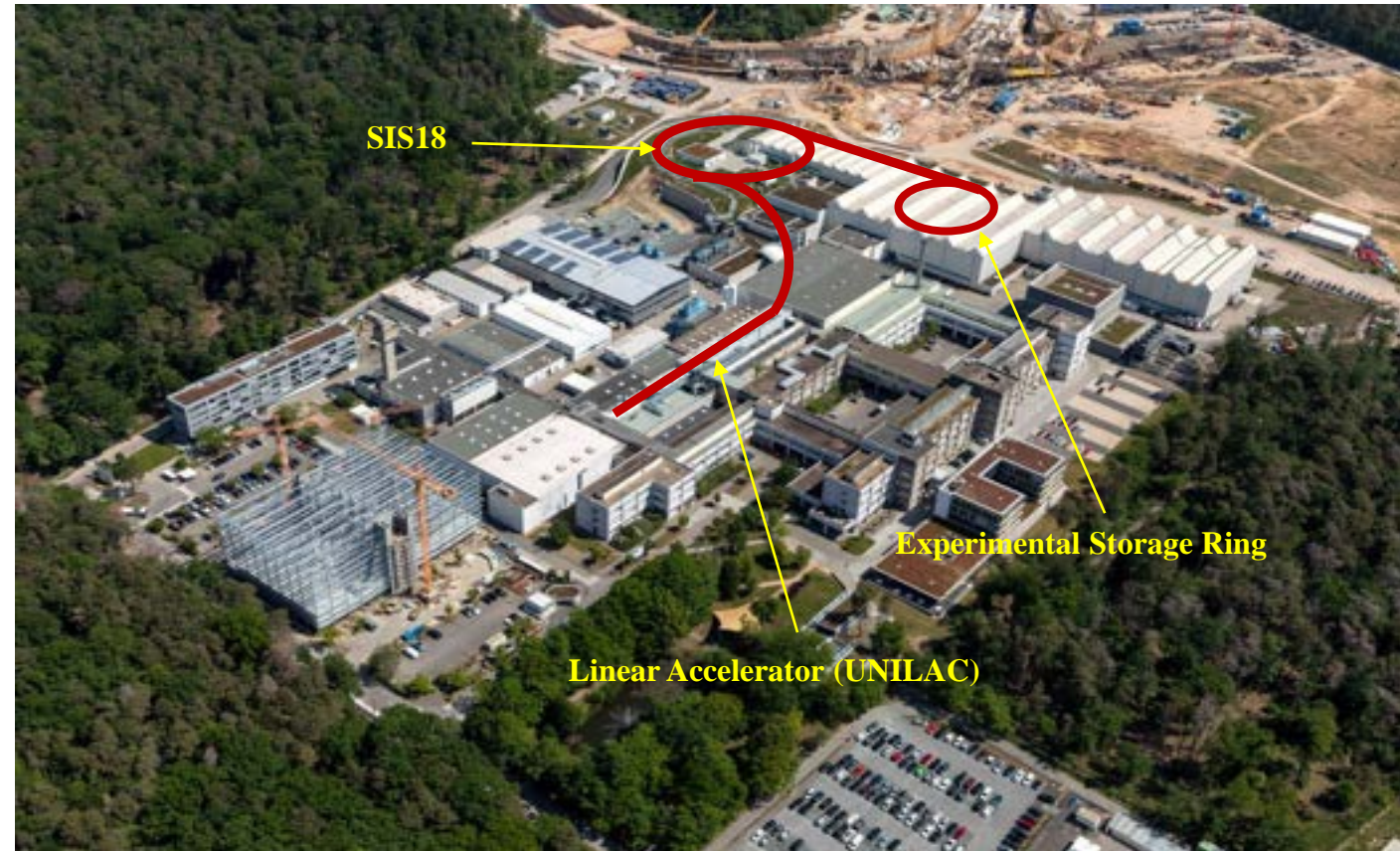
(Beam Instrumentation Department)

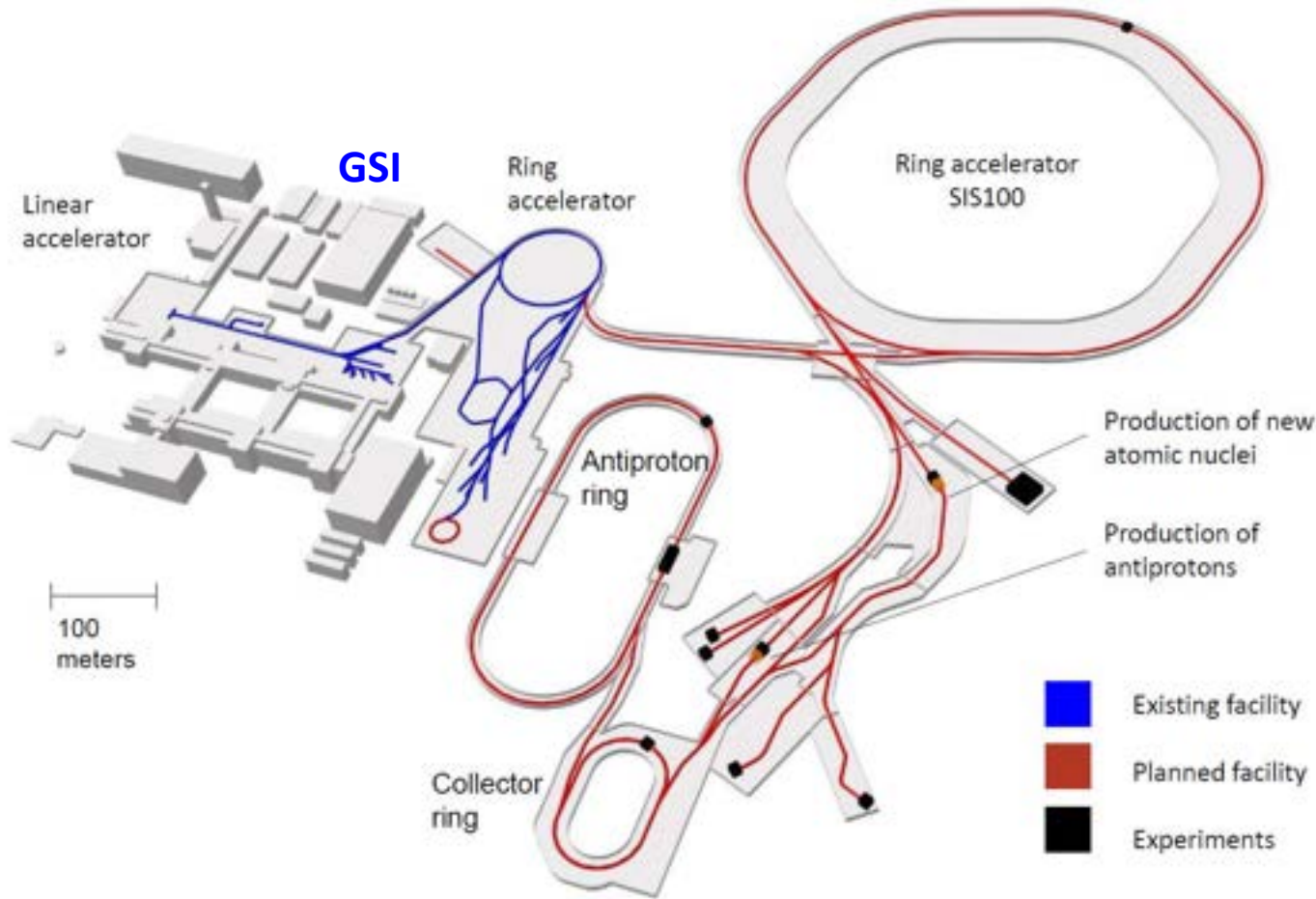
Location of GSI on the map



GSI facility

FAIR facility



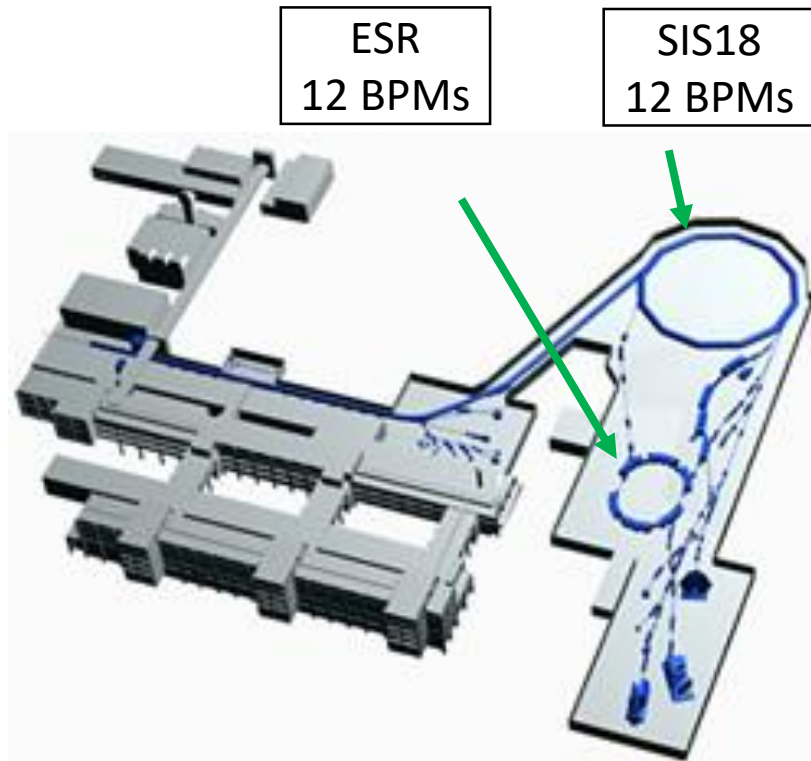


Aerial view of GSI and FAIR, May 2022



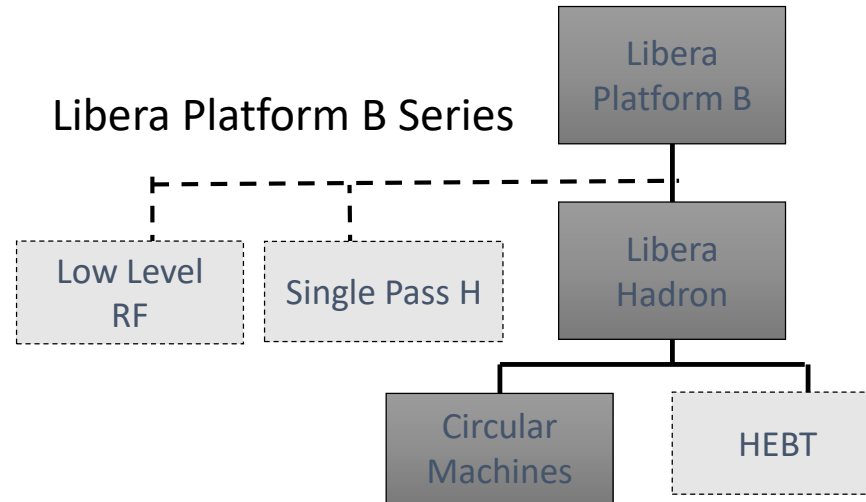
photographer D. Fehrenz

# Upgrade of GSI BPM System

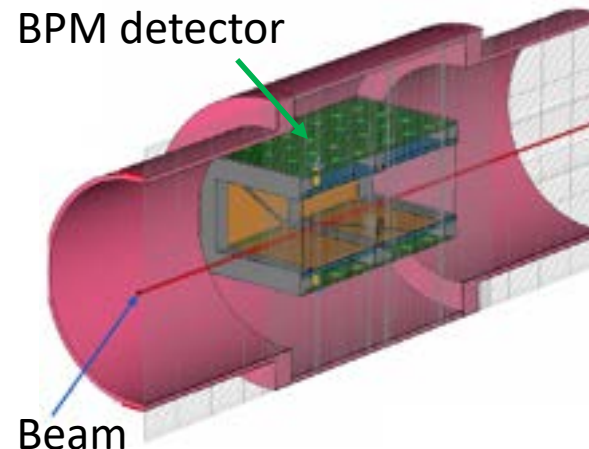


In the **SIS18** synchrotron the beam is accelerated to high energies (1GeV/u for U) and goes to experimental areas or **ESR**

In the **ESR** the beam is used for experiments or accelerated/decelerated /accumulated and distributed over experimental areas



- 19", 2U, 310mm depth
- mTCA based
- FTRN slot (FAIR Timing Receiver Network)
- Acts as FEC (Front End Computer)
- Up to 4 ADC boards
- I/O for pre-amplifier control



Delivery for FAIR in 2018



FAIR Ring BPM test bench installation



# Libera Hadron for SIS-18 and BPM Hardware

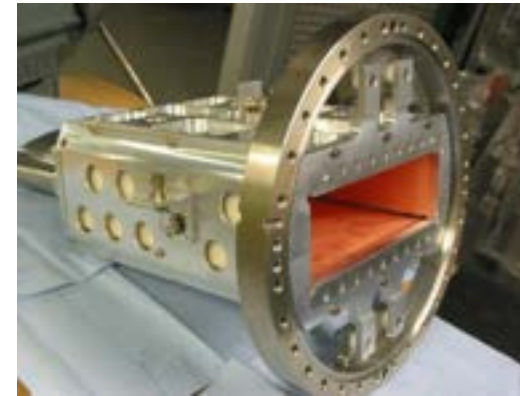
Three LiberAs (for twelve SIS18 BPMs) in Electronic room



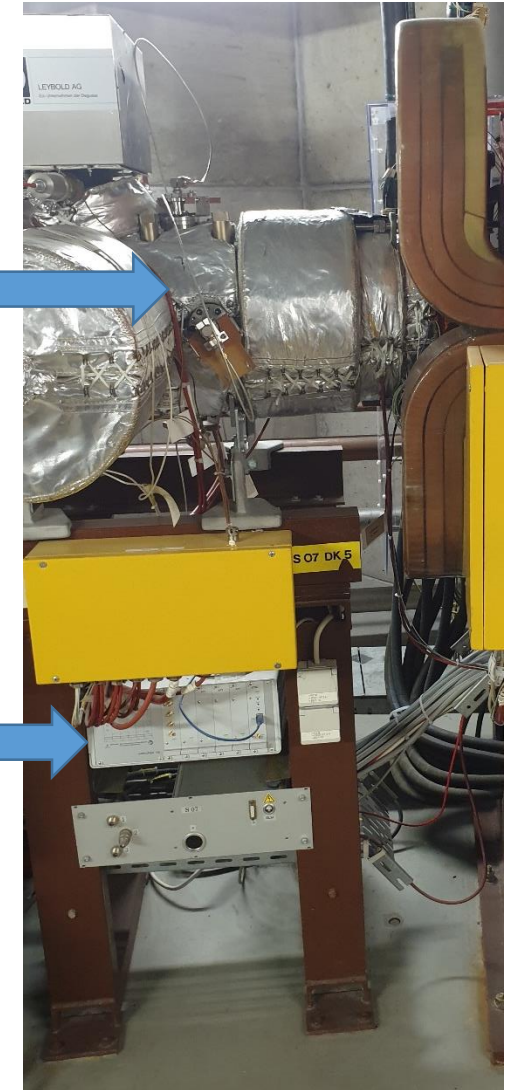
Zoomed picture of one Libera



SIS18 Shoe-box BPM



SIS18 tunnel (BPM location)



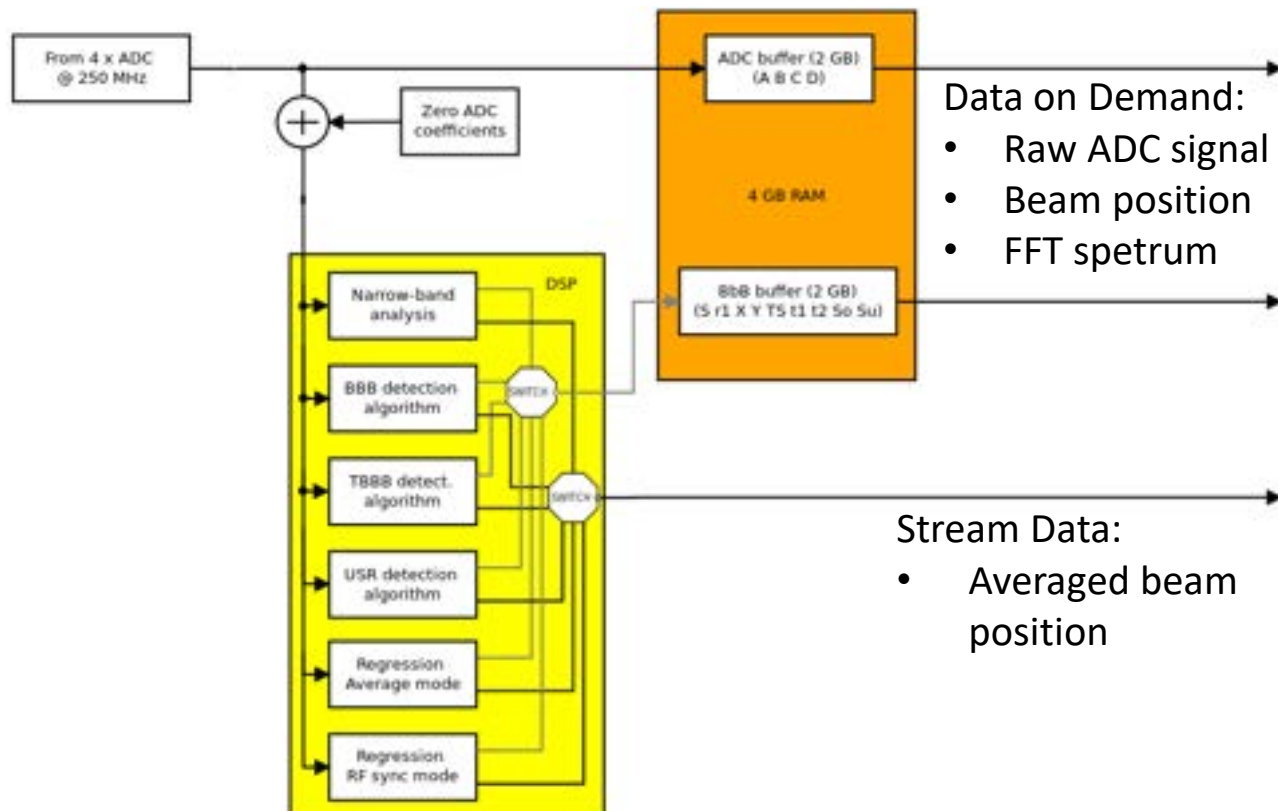
Amplifier 110 (I-Tech)



Long signal and Amp control cables



## Libera Hadron ADC board FPGA



## Single BPM Software Controller

### Acquisition of On-demand data

- Short chunks (1MB) of On-demand data
  - in realtime regime with 5Hz rate during acceleration cycle
  - at specified trigger events (2-10 events) during acceleration cycle
- Large amount of On-demand data (1Gb) at the end of acceleration cycle

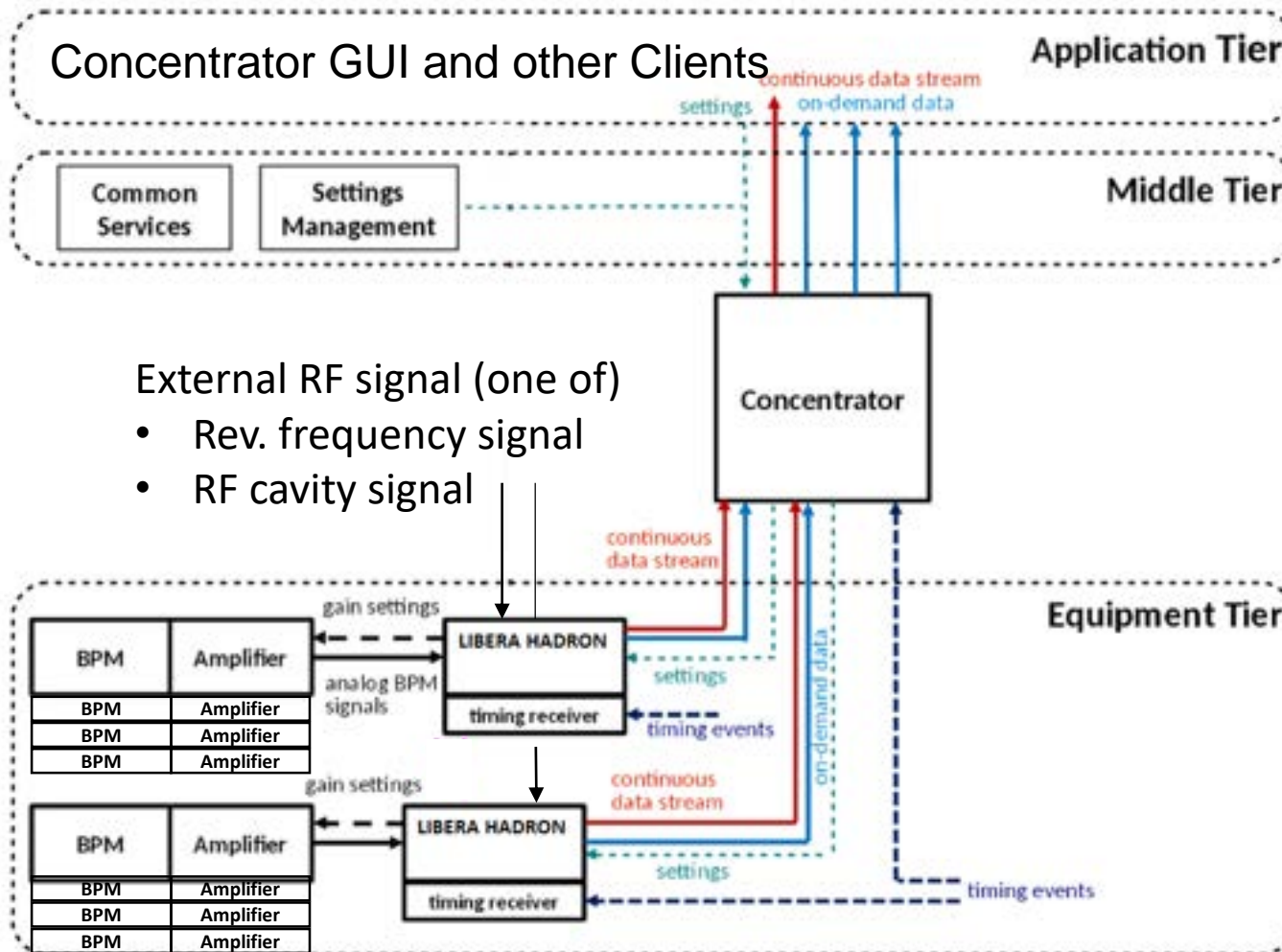
### Buffering of Stream DATA

#### Acquisition Settings:

- Choice of position calculation algorithm for Stream and On-demand independently
- Position calculation algorithm parameters
- Trigger settings

### Amplifier Control (Gain Set, Calibration procedure)

## Topology of BPM system at GSI



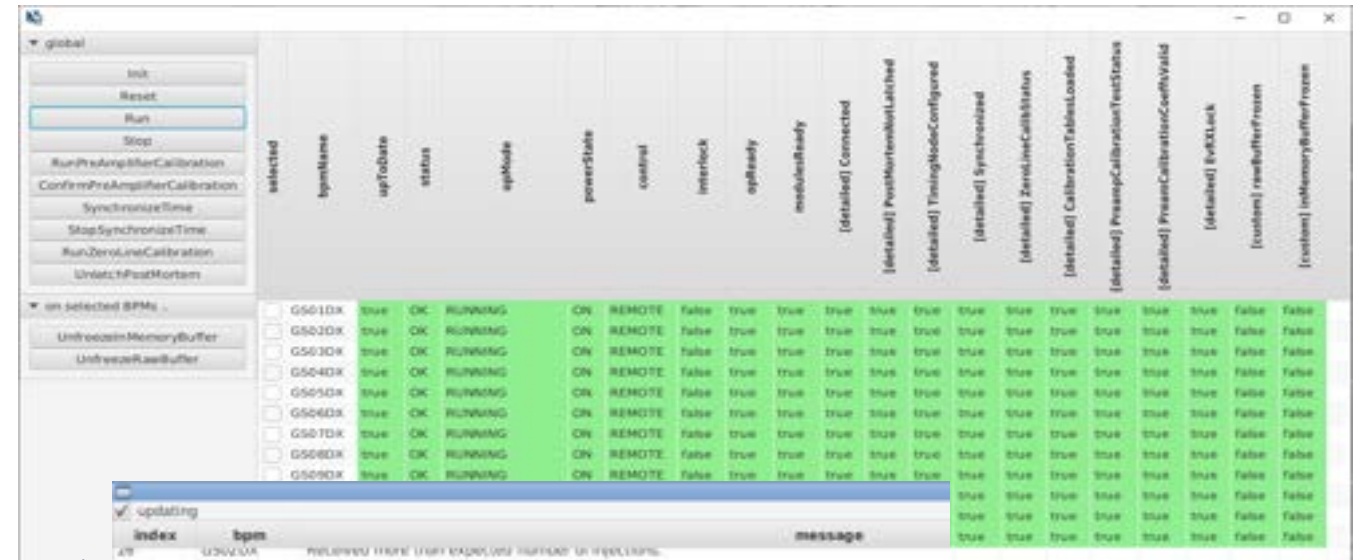
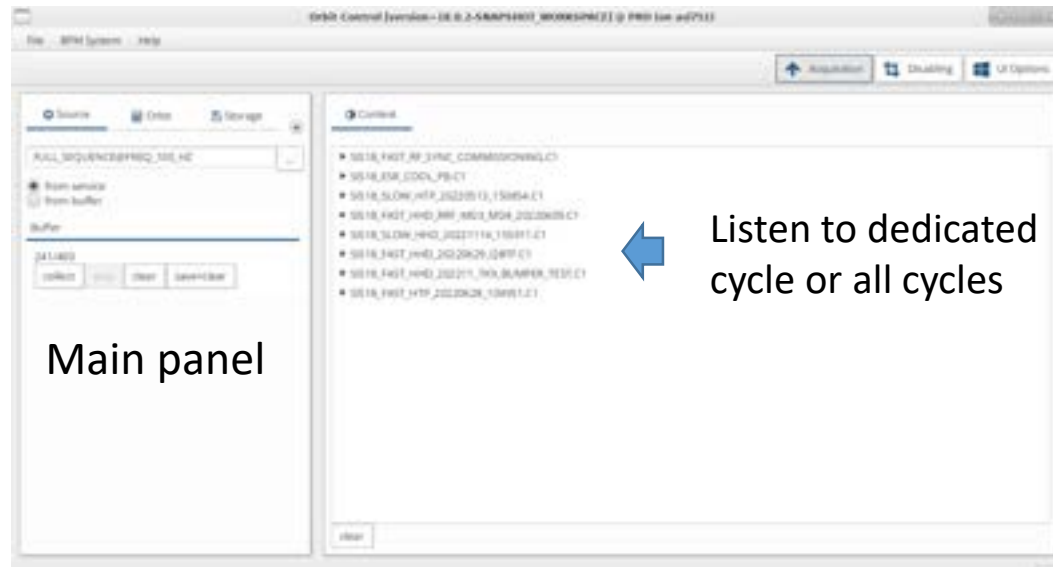
## Some features of Concentrator

- Concentrator performs the aggregation, common postprocessing of data from all BPMs per machine
- Concentrator is the single point of access to the BPM system for all operational clients
- Buffering of the Stream Data from all Liberars. Stream acquisition is independent from on-demand acquisition
- Realtime orbit at different decimations (1, 10, 25, 100, 1000 S/second) and at specific timing events
- All on-demand data are provided in parallel, i.e. no switching between on-demand Acquisition Regimes (Positions, Raw, Spectra, etc.) is required
- Amplifier Gain switching between different machine cycles and along a single machine cycle

**BPM Controller and Concentrator are developed by Cosylab**

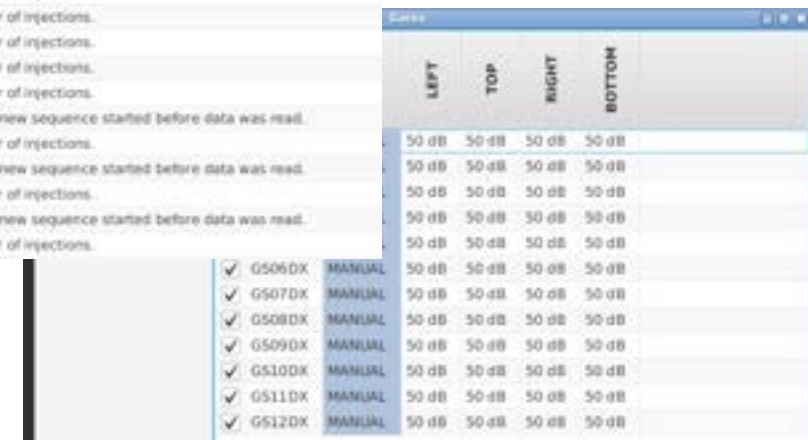
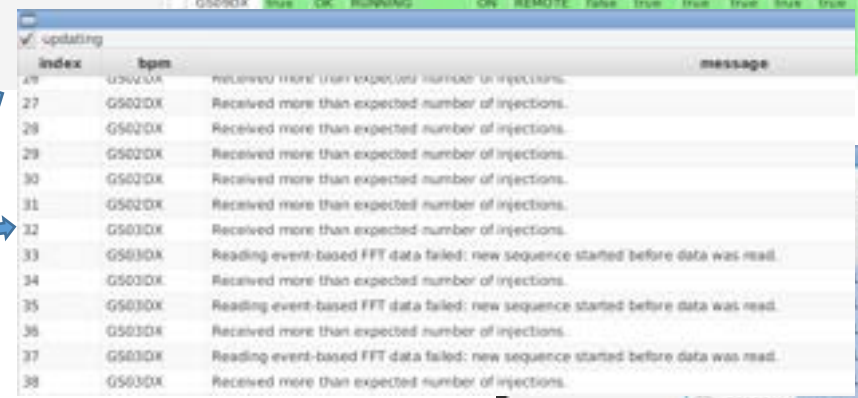
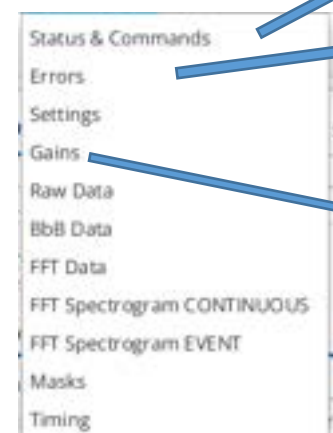
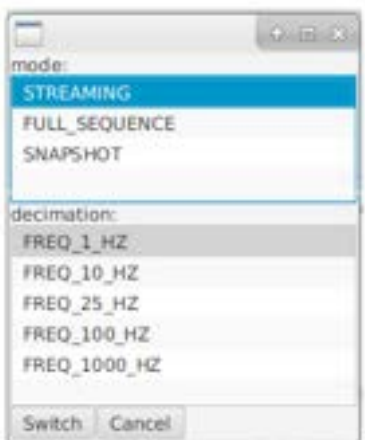


# Concentrator GUI



Subscription to the different types of stream data

Available functionalities

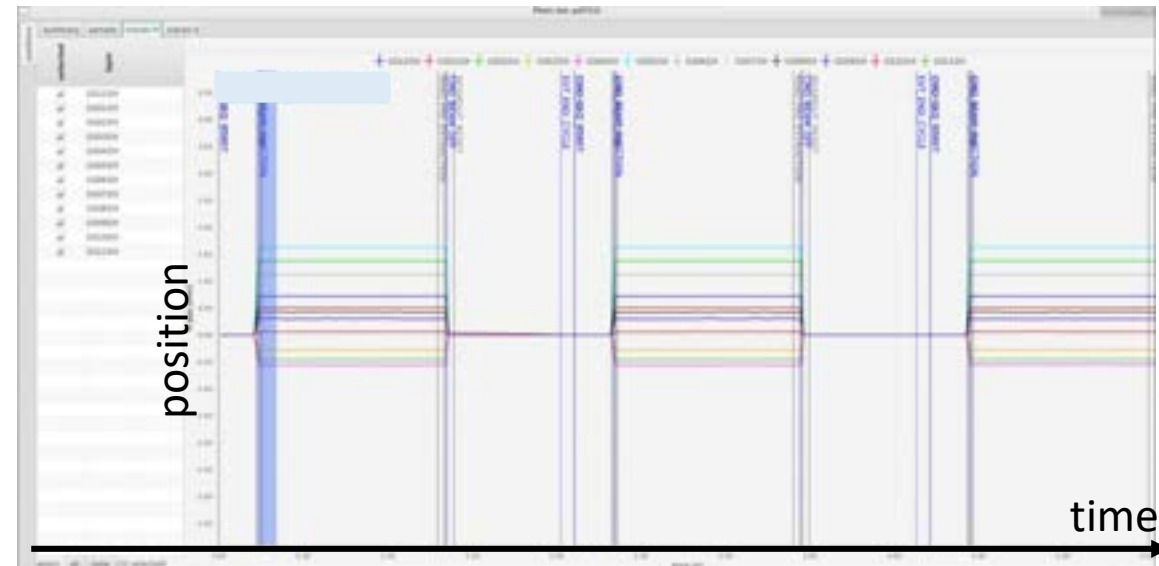
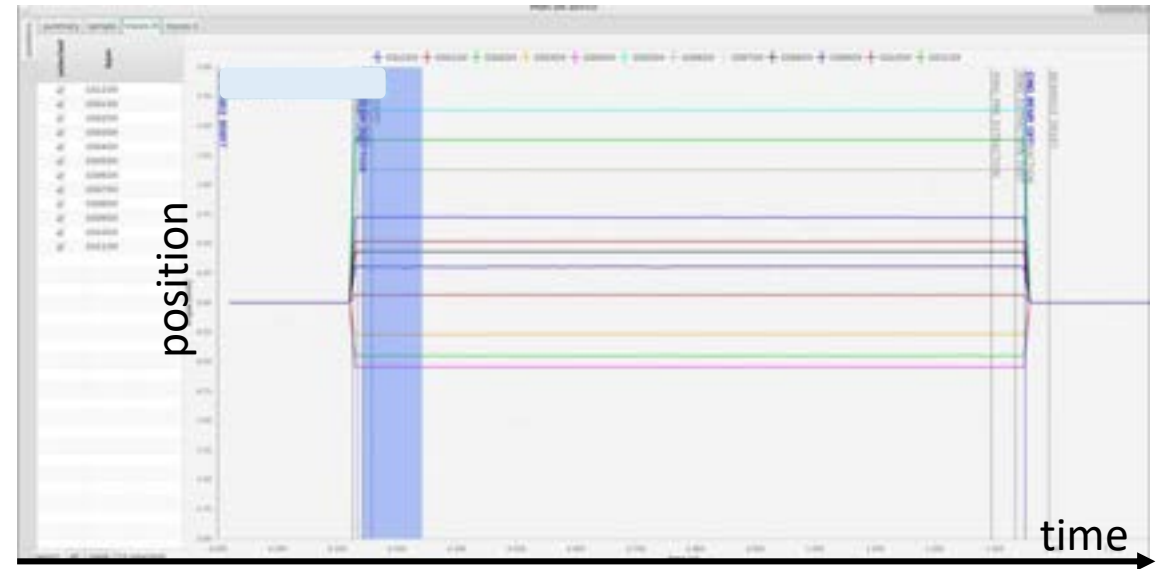
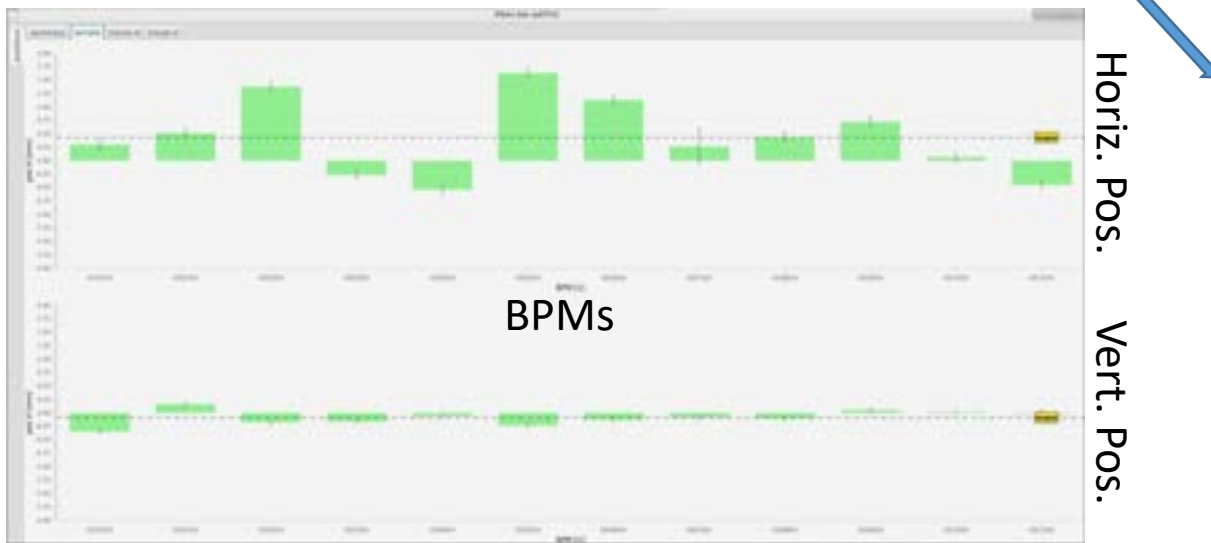


BPM Concentrator GUI has been developed by Kajetan Fuchsberger@KaiFox GmbH

Beam position evolution from all BPMs in Traces view:

- Cycle-to-cycle update
- Free running mode 1 Hz update

Orbit view



## Evolution during 4 s cycle in SIS18.

Plot is updated once in the end of every cycle.

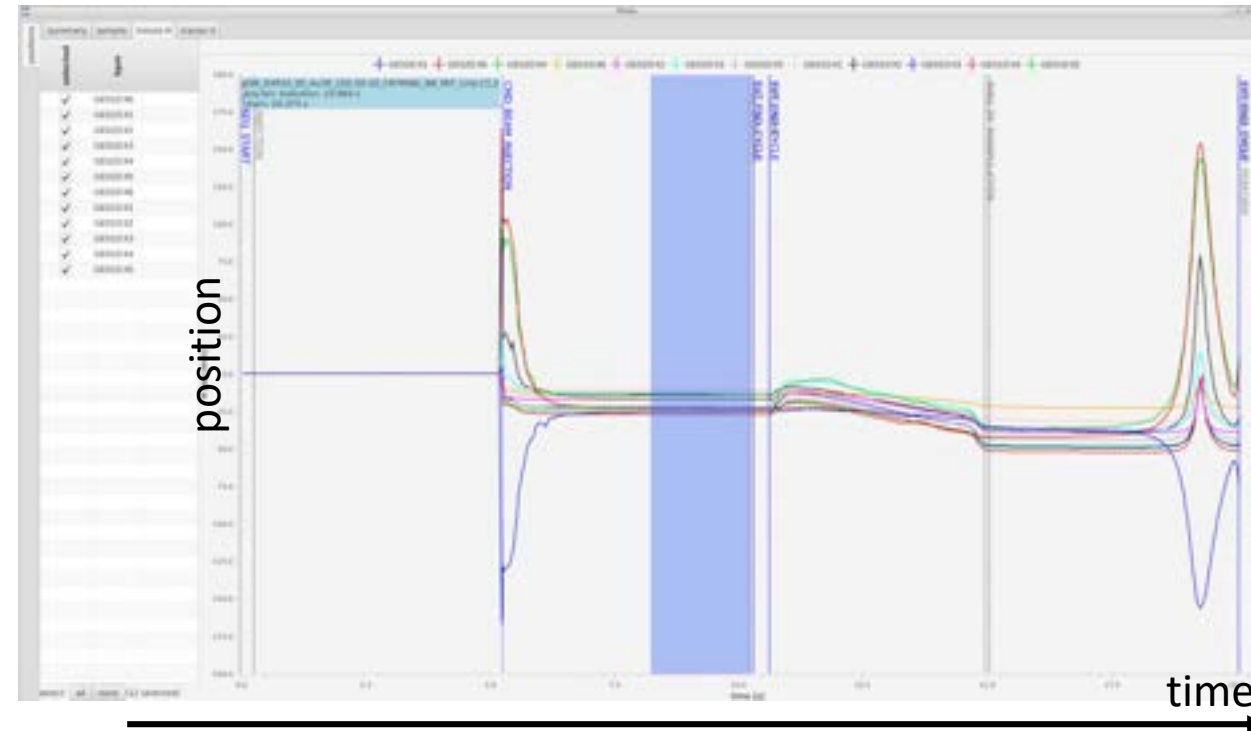
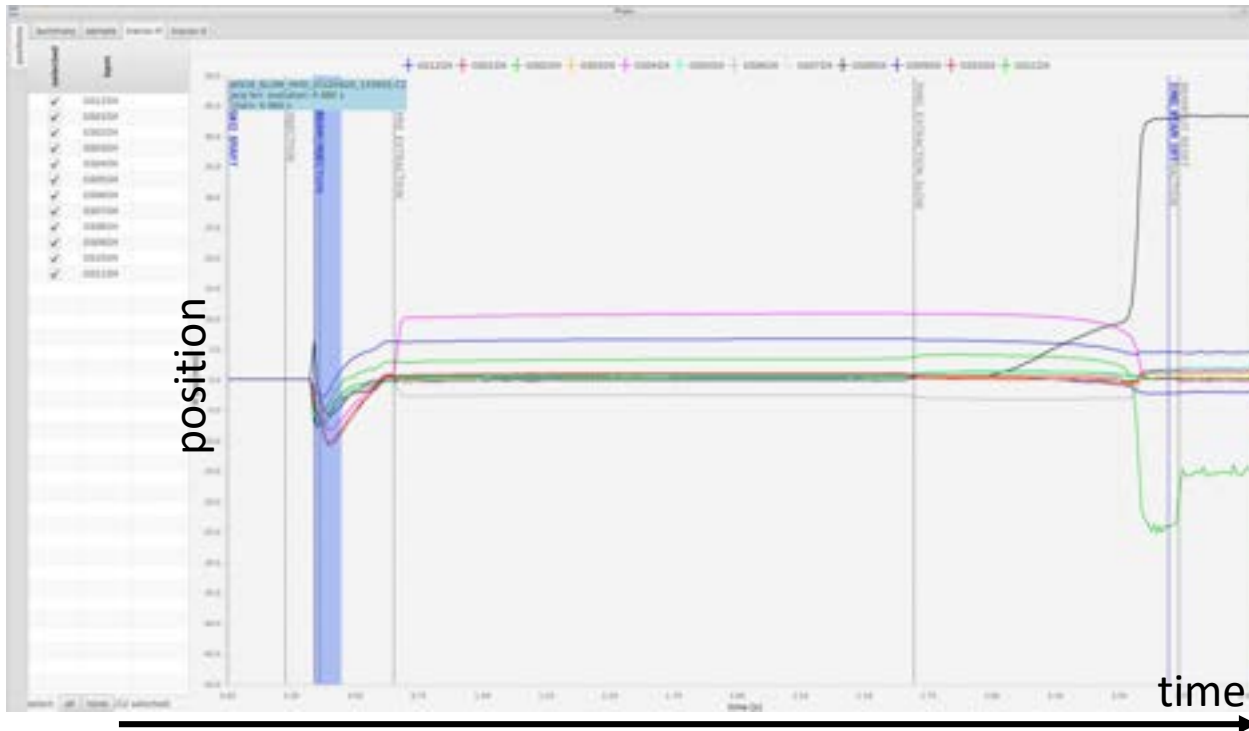
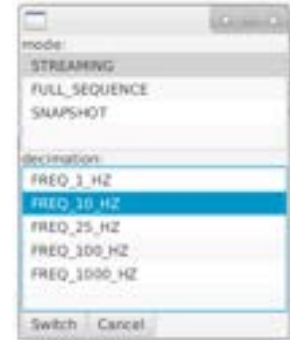
Decimation 10ms



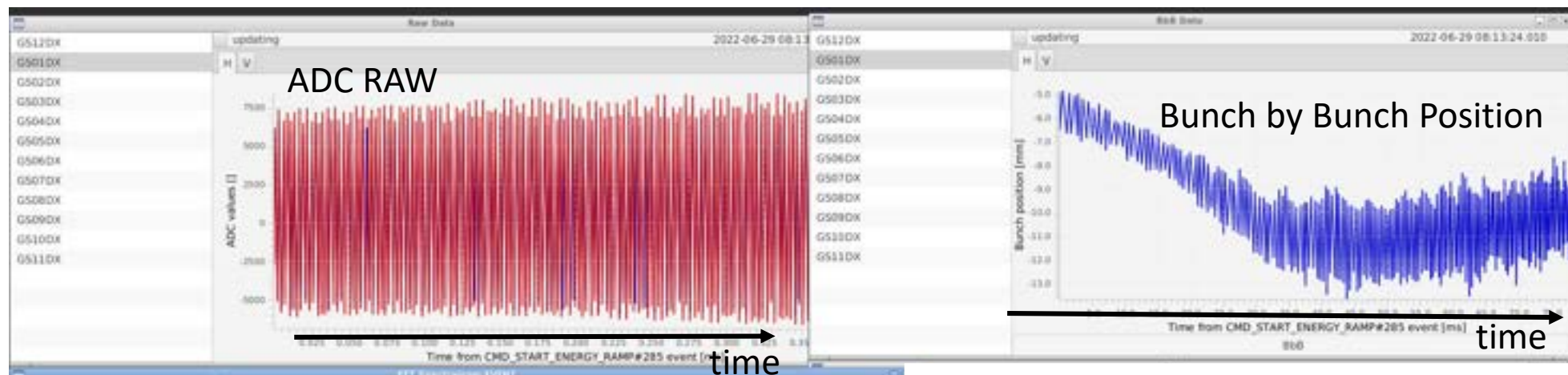
## Evolution during 20 s cycle in ESR:

Plot is updated every second with new data every second

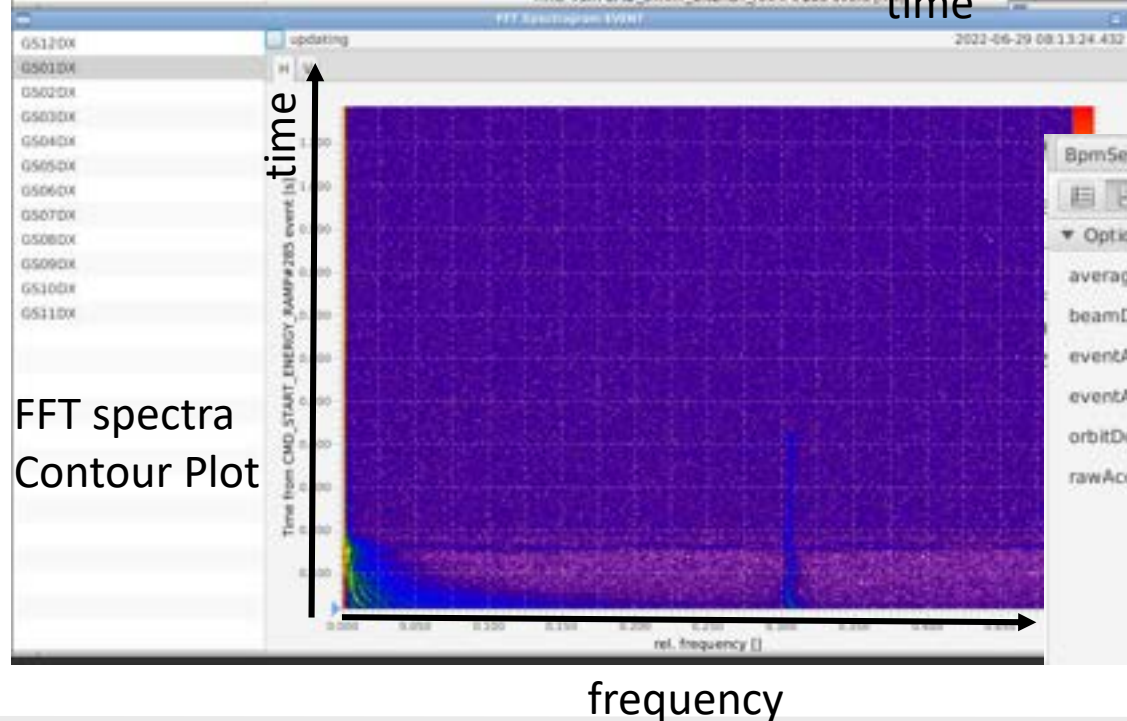
Decimation 100 ms



# On-demand Data and Acquisition settings



SIS 18 measurements example



FFT spectra Contour Plot

Settings

A screenshot of the "BpmSetting" configuration window. The "Optional" section is expanded, showing the following settings:

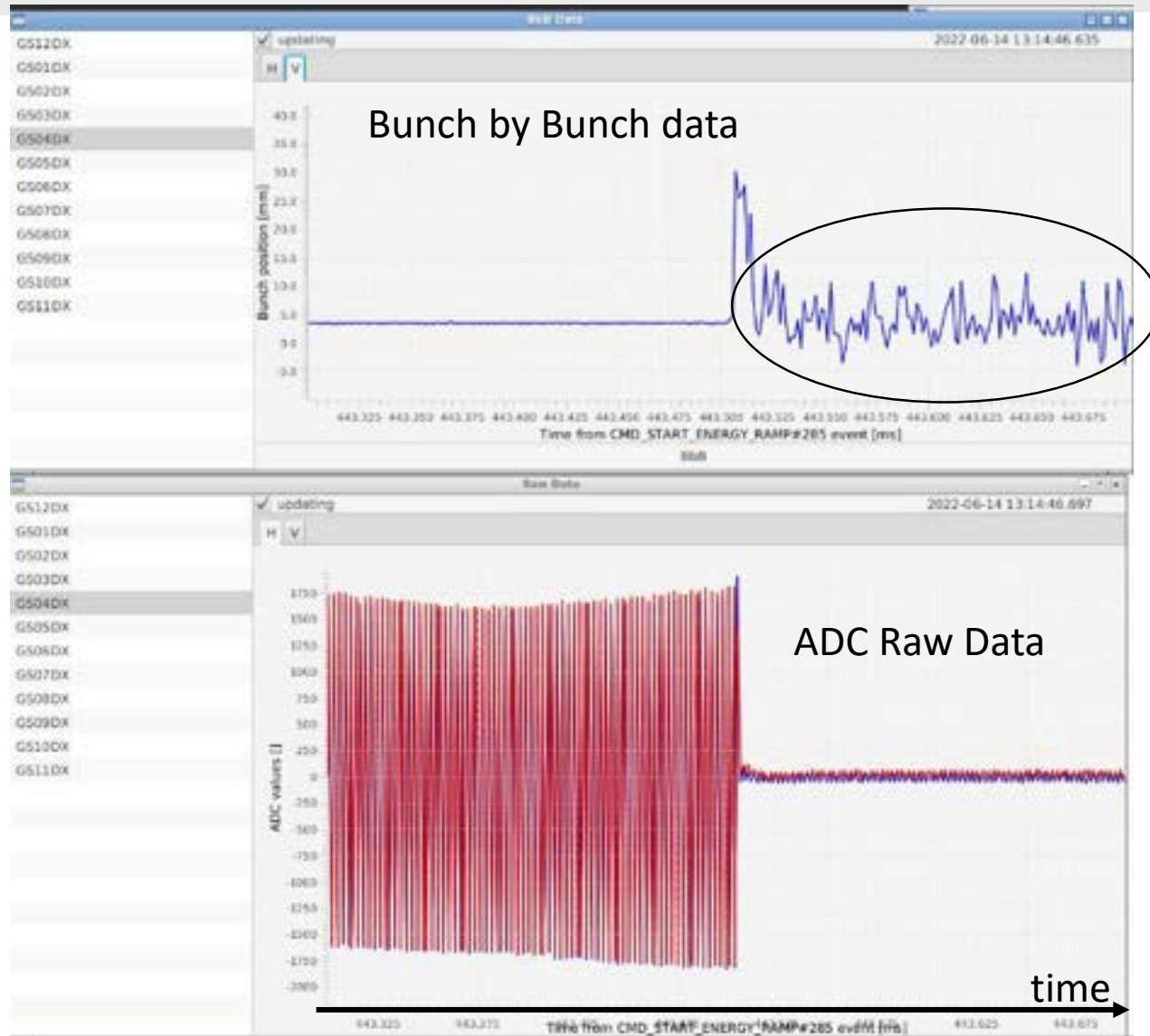
- averageWindowSize: 1.0E-6
- beamDetectionAlgorithm: RF\_SYNCHRONIZED
- eventAcqDelay: 0.15
- eventAcqEvent: 285
- orbitDetectionAlgorithm: BUNCH\_BY\_BUNCH
- rawAcqStartDelay: [checkbox checked]

Expert Settings

A screenshot of the "BpmSettingExpert" configuration window. The "Optional" section is expanded, showing the following settings:

- bbbEventAcqEnable: [checkbox checked]
- fftContinuousAcqDecimation: 4
- fftContinuousAcqEnable: [checkbox checked]
- fftContinuousAcqWindow: WINDOW\_2048
- fftEventAcqDecimation: 4
- fftEventAcqEnable: [checkbox checked]
- fftEventAcqWindow: WINDOW\_2048
- rawEventAcqEnable: [checkbox checked]

frequency



There is no beam but „position“ are still shown. It is not a bug, it is feature of the algorithm - it always produce position.  
Next todo -> using error estimates in position data to identify coasting beam regions

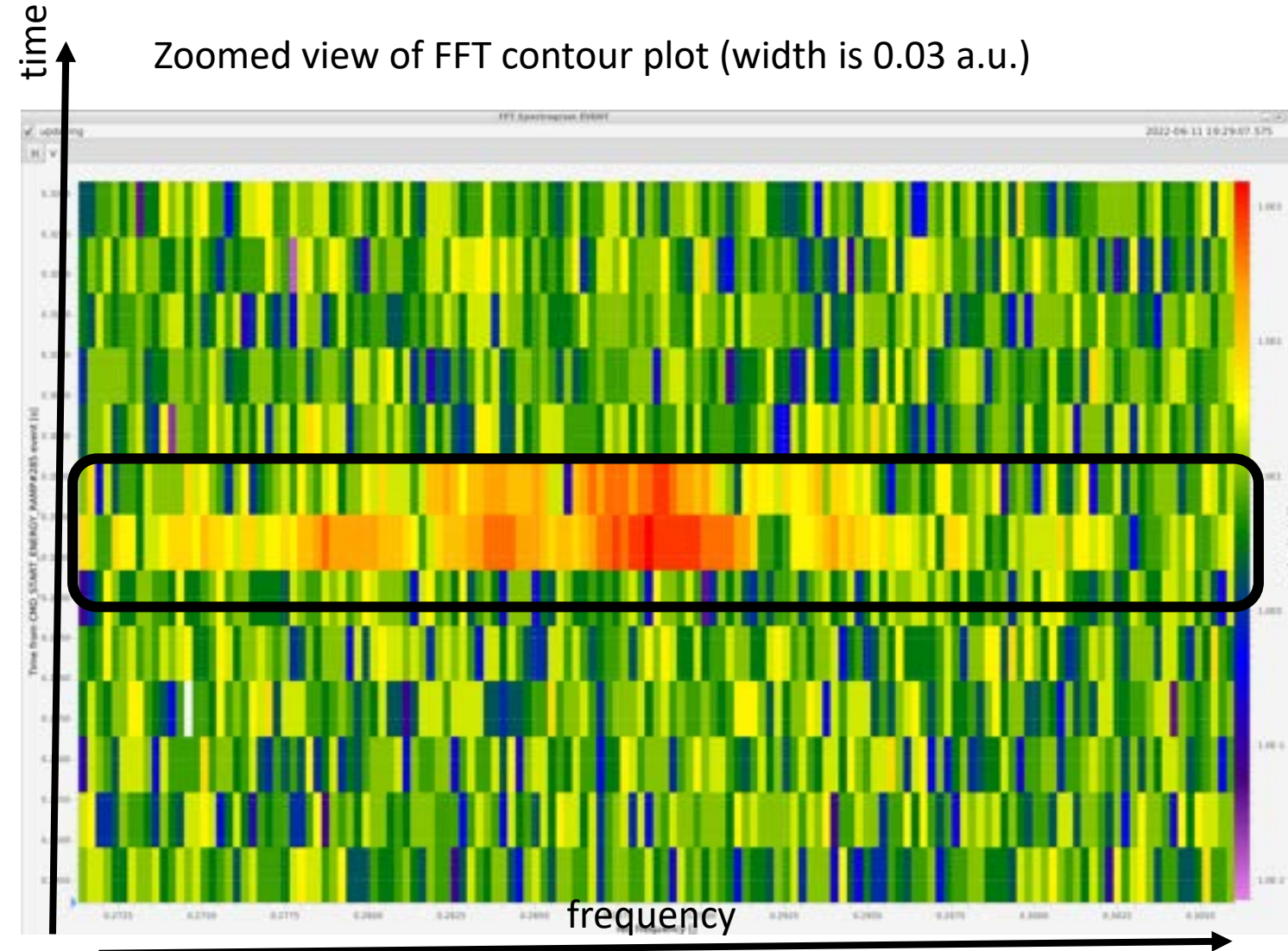
Ability to acquire all types of data simultaneously will be important during future comissioning phases.

Now it is also used during machine experiments...

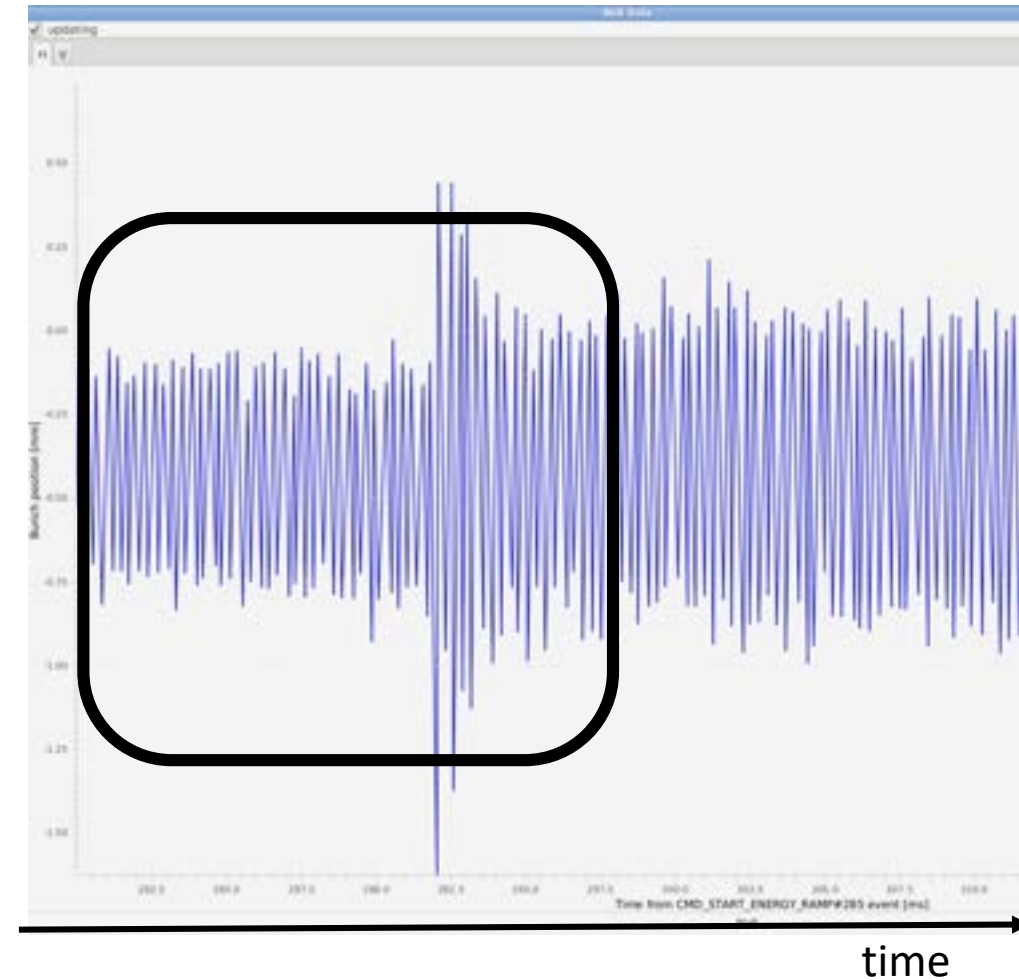
# SIS18 Measurements with transversal „kick“

... for example to identify the „Kick“ location

Zoomed view of FFT contour plot (width is 0.03 a.u.)

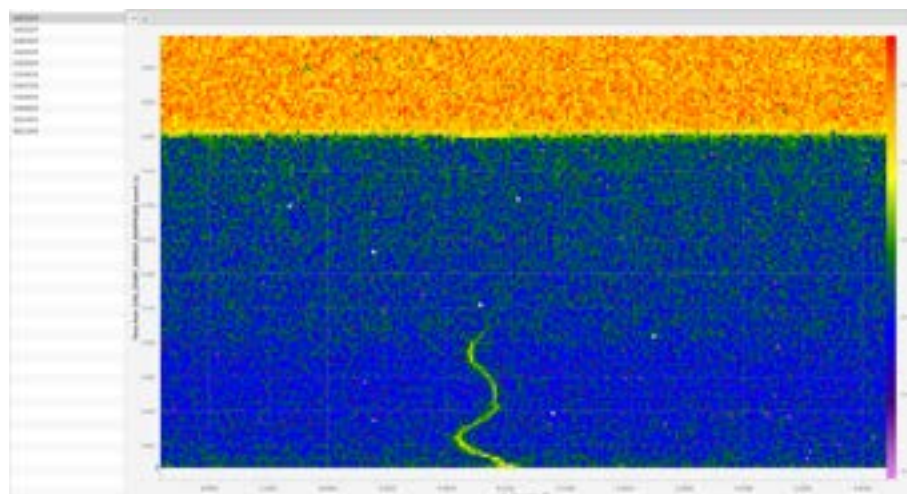
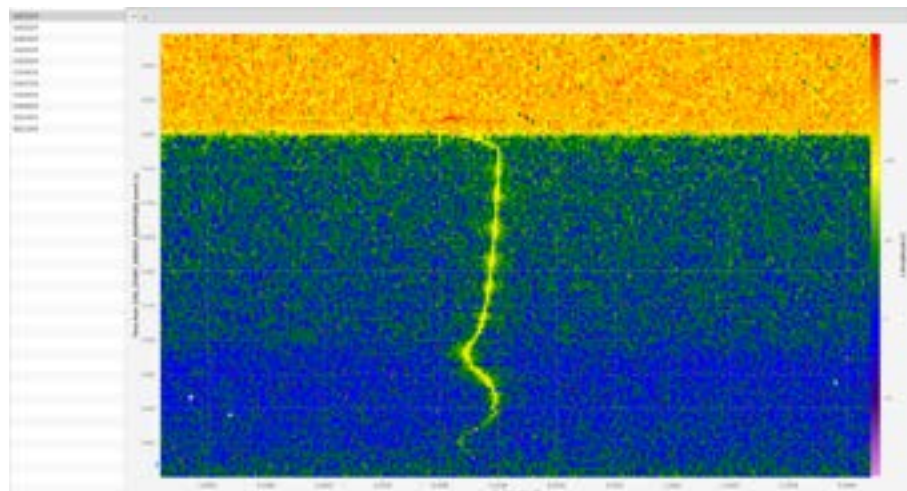


Bunch by bunch position data.

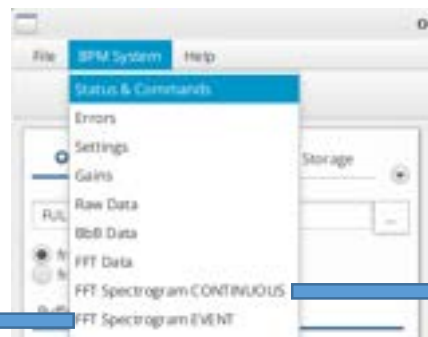
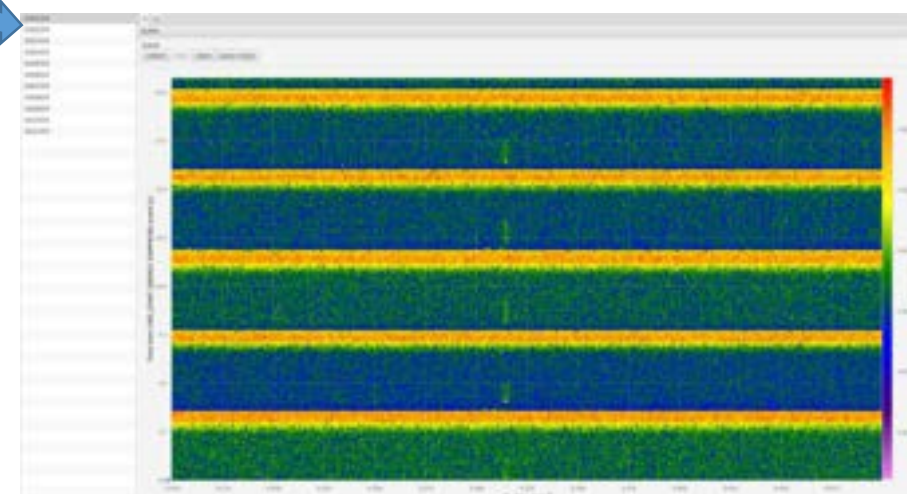
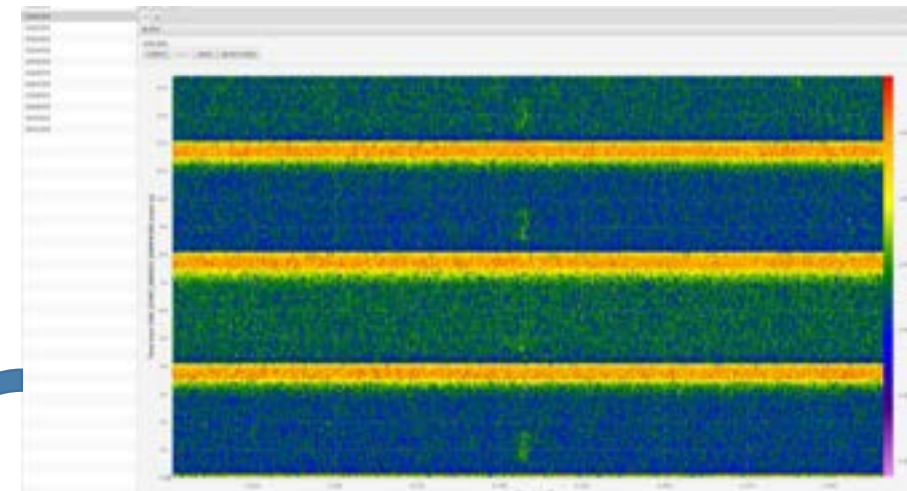


# Position FFT spectra: Event and Continuous

Trigger on a given event: contour FFT Plot is updated/refreshed in the end of every cycle.



Continuous update: contour FFT Plot is updated every second with new data added to plot

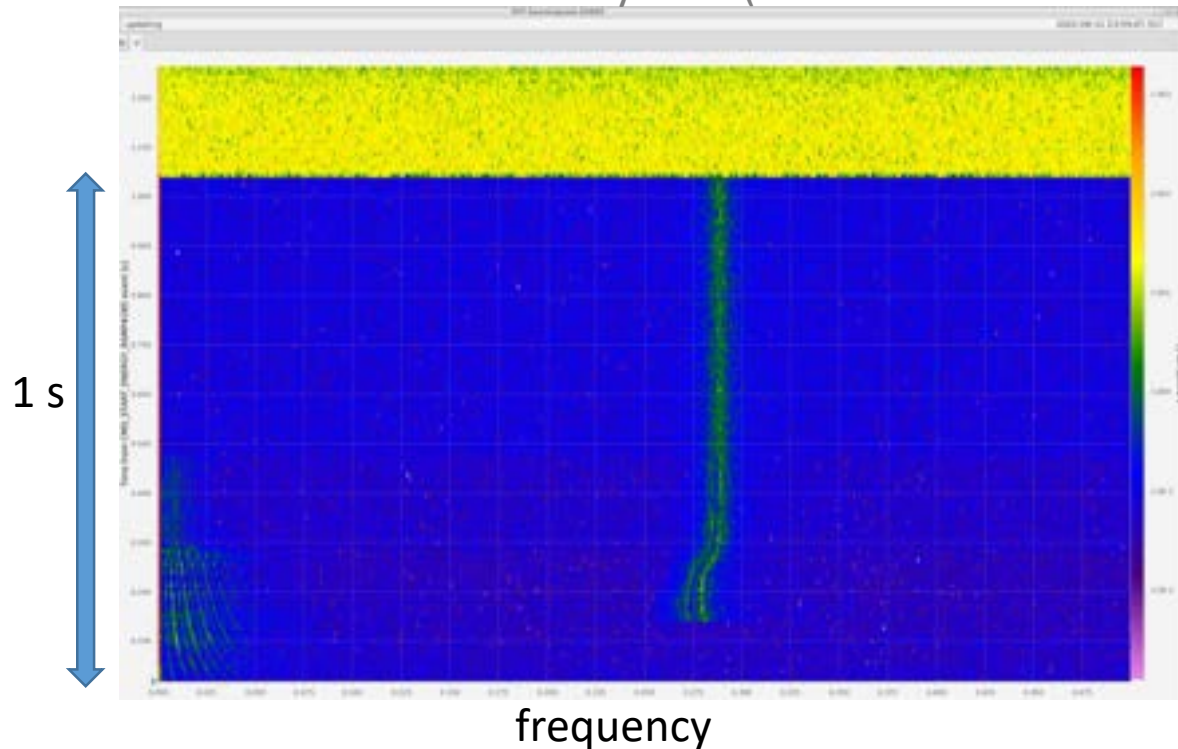


Both modes can be activated at the same time

Tune measurements during short acceleration cycle in SIS18.

Contour FFT Plot is updated/refreshed in the end of every cycle. Decimation 1 ms

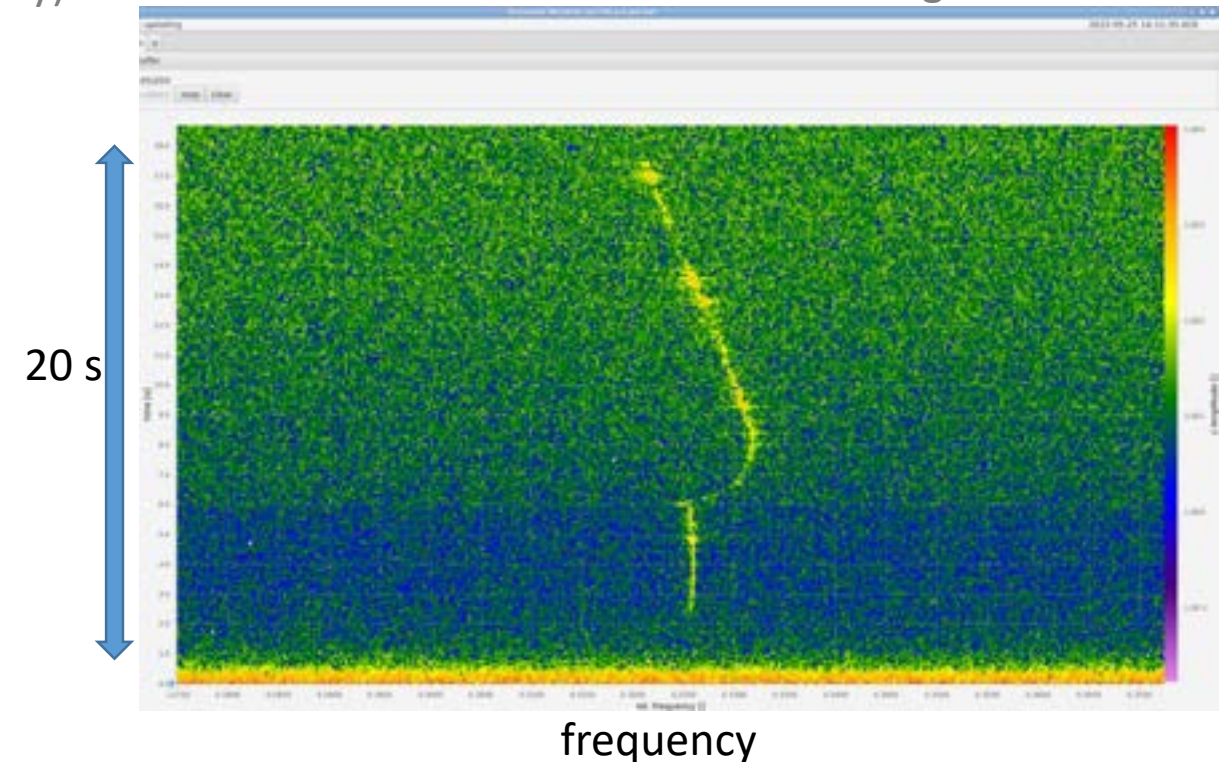
Test of new BTF exciter system (excitation with start delay)



Tune measurements during long deceleration cycle in ESR.

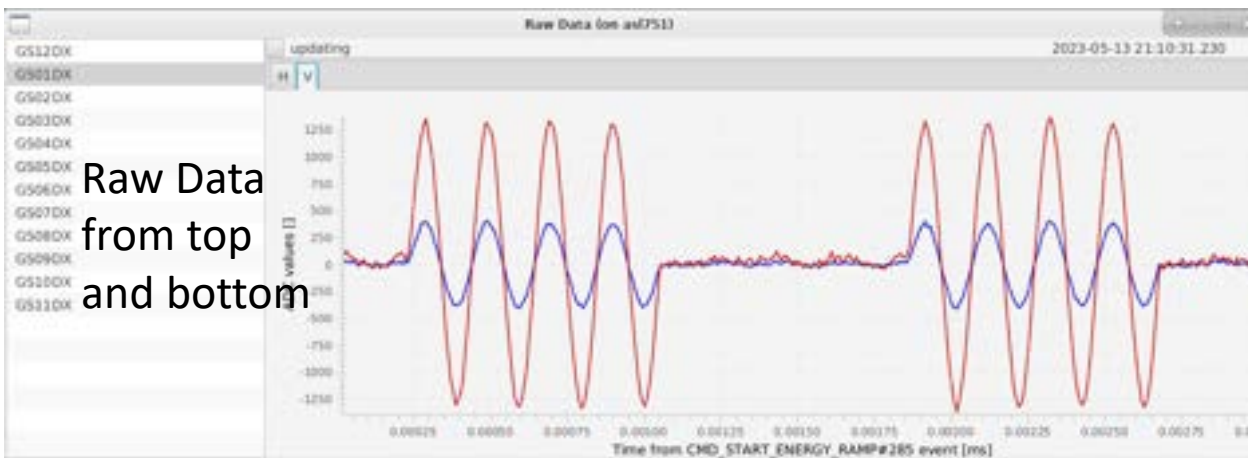
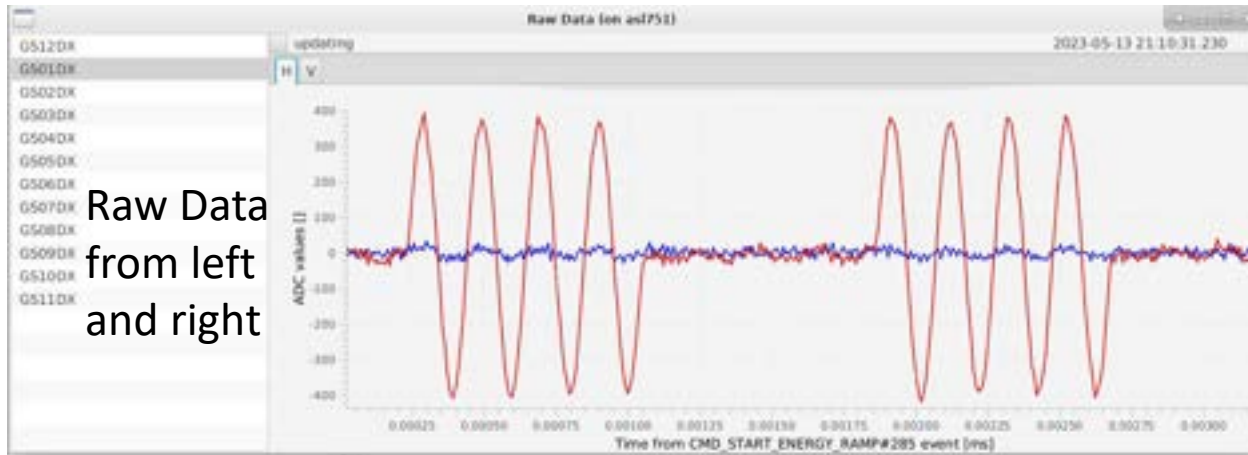
Contour FFT Plot is updated every second with new data added to plot. Decimation 200 ms

First ESR tune measurements during deceleration





- Switch for internal signal generator of HPA110 (before was used only for calibration)
- Gain per BPM single plate (right,left,top,bottom) can be set



Corresponding Orbit view



# Improvements on Libera Hadron



position

$$X = a \frac{U_l - U_r}{U_l + U_r}$$

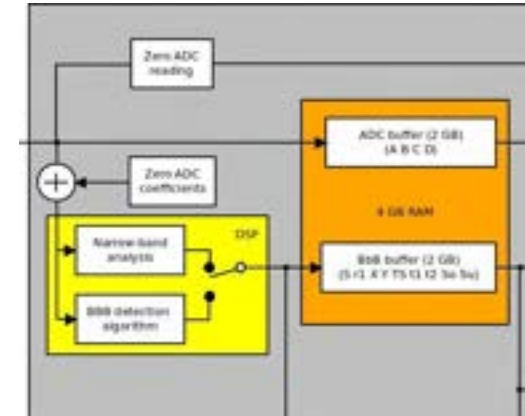
Bunch signal integration

$$U = \sum S_i$$

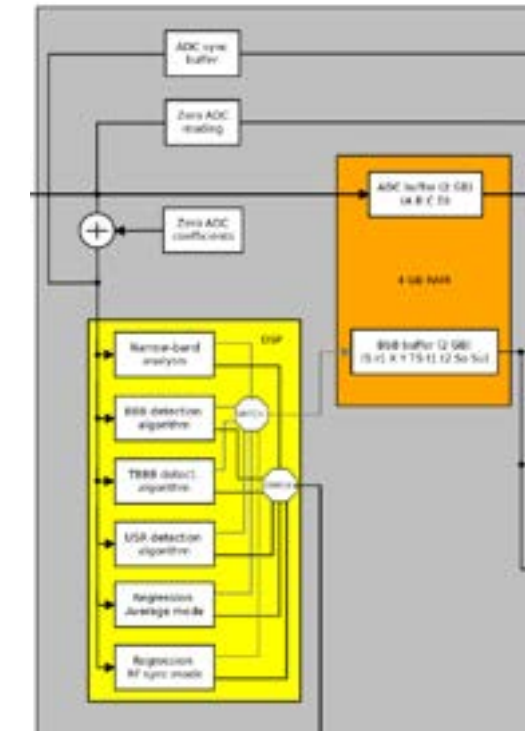
Root-sum-square

$$U = \sqrt{\sum S_i^2}$$

algorithms  
in 2018



algorithms  
in 2021



Original methods

Narrowband -> Acquisition windows provided by external RF (cavity) + Heterodyne

BBB -> Acquisition windows detected using threshold + Bunch signal integration

New methods

tBBB -> Acquisition windows provided by external RF (cavity) + Bunch signal integration

Regression sync -> Acquisition windows by external RF (revolution) + Root-sum-square

Regression async -> Acquisition windows length set by user + Root-sum-square

DIGITAL PROCESSING OF PICK-UP SIGNALS FOR POSITION AND TUNE DETERMINATION,  
R. Singh, A. Reiter, P. Kowina and P. Forck, Proceedings of IBIC2015

## Team

### Electronics and functionality tests

GSI: K. Lang, A. Reiter, R. Singh,  
W. Kaufmann, P. Kowina

### Libera Controller Design

GSI: O. Chorniy

### Concentrator Design and GUI

KaiFox GmbH: K. Fuchsberger

### Software Controllers implementation

Cosylab: R. Hari, A. Debenjak,  
M. Matiz,...

### Techn. Support and work on FPGA

I-Tech: D. Tinta,  
A. Bardorfer, M. Znidarcic,...

## Improvements in BPM system after upgrade:

- Realtime orbit notification
- Parallel acquisition of all type of data
- Free running modes for all type of data
- Tune measurements at very low intensities
- Amp. Gain separately for each cycle

## HEBT Liberas test stand

- Software Controllers ready
- Concentrator GUI next task



Next: Bring HEFT  
Liberas in operation  
with beam