

Libera

# Latest Technologies for Accelerator Instrumentation

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## Accelerator Instrumentation

- High availability
- Redundancy
- Modular design
- Intelligent robust diagnostics and management platform (IPMI)
- Hot swap and minimum MTTR (Mean Time To Repair)
- Distributed CPU computing power

*Advanced Telecom Computing Architecture (ATCA) main goal was to fulfill mentioned requirements. It was primarily intended for telecom industry.*

## VME vs. ATCA ( $\mu$ TCA)

### VME:

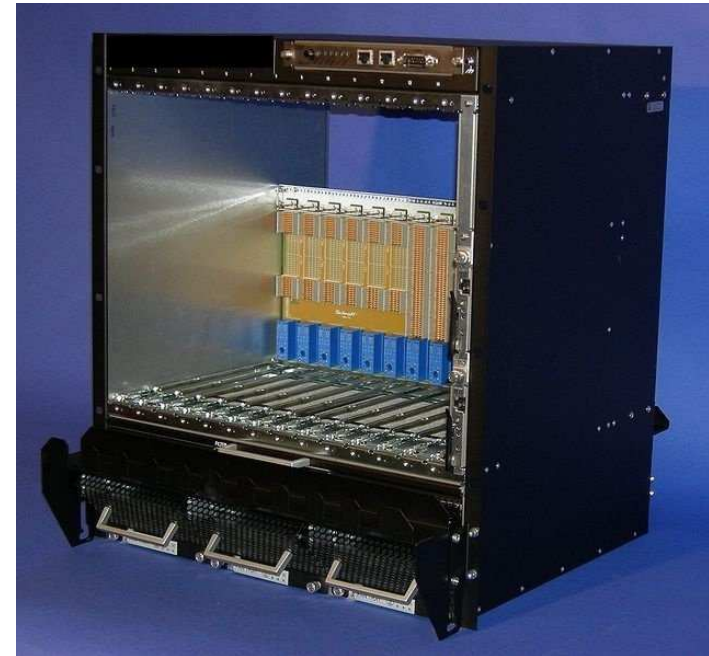
- low bandwidth ~ 80MB/s
- no clock and synchronization signals over backplane
- only one CPU/crate
- hot pluggability is supported only for peripheral boards
- no management infrastructure
- bus oriented

### ATCA:

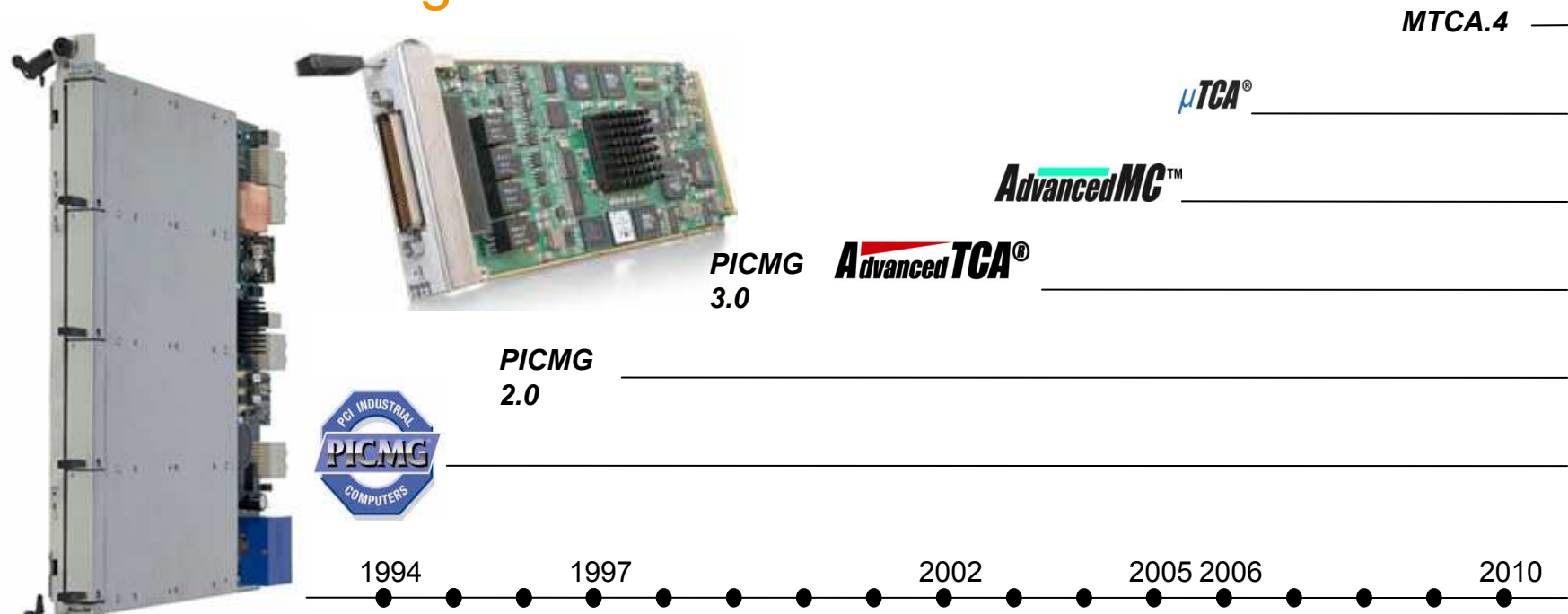
- high bandwidth – few GB/s
- no direct connections between boards
- redundancy
- hot pluggable modules
- multiple CPUs possible
- module oriented

## AdvancedTCA Main Characteristics

- the boards (blades) are plugged in ATCA shelves
- offers very high throughputs over gigabit serial links (PCIexpress, Gigabit Ethernet, SATA, Infiniband, SeriaRapid IO)
- carrier blade accepts up to four Advanced Mezzanine Cards (AMC)
- it supports Rear Transition Module (RTM) connection from back side (zone 3)
- management and diagnostics is based on IPMI



# Historical Background



## Advanced Mezzanine Card - AMC



- AMC offers ultimate computing power in small form factor
- high data throughput over high speed serial links:
  - Gigabit Ethernet,
  - PCIExpress,
  - SATA,
  - Serial Rapid IO,
  - Infiniband
- highly manageable via IPMI concept and interoperability check
- easy servicing through hot swap capability

## MicroTCA, uTCA, $\mu$ TCA, MTCA.0



- MicroTCA enables AMC boards to operate without carrier board.
- this is desired especially where the processing power is major requirement
- MCH takes over the functions of ATCA carrier board and ATCA shelf manager
- faster development time
- scalable



## MicroTCA for Physics, MTCA.4

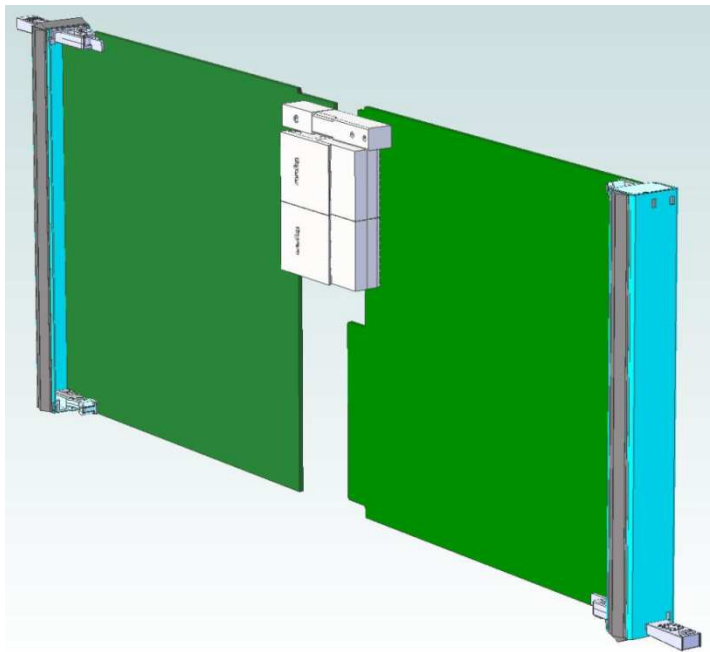


- compatible with MTCA.0
- additional connector for  $\mu$ RTM
- additional signals on AMC connector



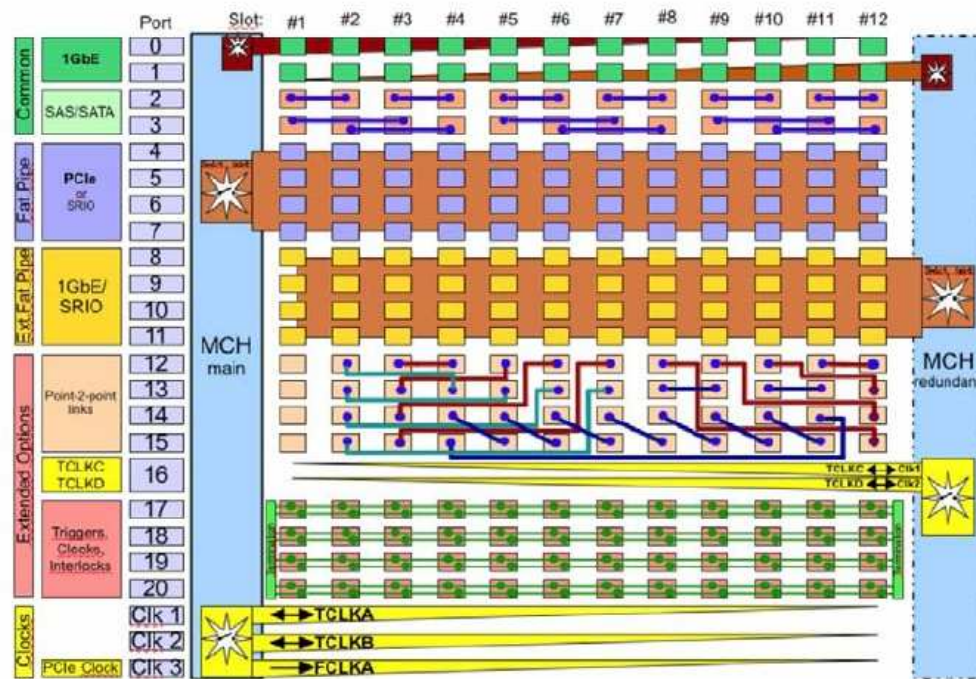


## MicroTCA for Physics - AMC with $\mu$ RTM



- connected directly to AMC over 60 shielded differential pairs
- more space for connectors and electronics
- power budget limitation
- mechanical keying
- e-keying

# MicroTCA for Physics Backplane Topology



- up to 12 slots
- 20 Signaling ports/slot
- two power supplies
- Ethernet
- SATA
- PCIExpress or SerialRapidIO
- Redundant fabrics
- point-to-point links
- MLVDS for trig and sync
- clocking

## Proprietary Solutions Based on MicroTCA



*Employed when high performance is required.*



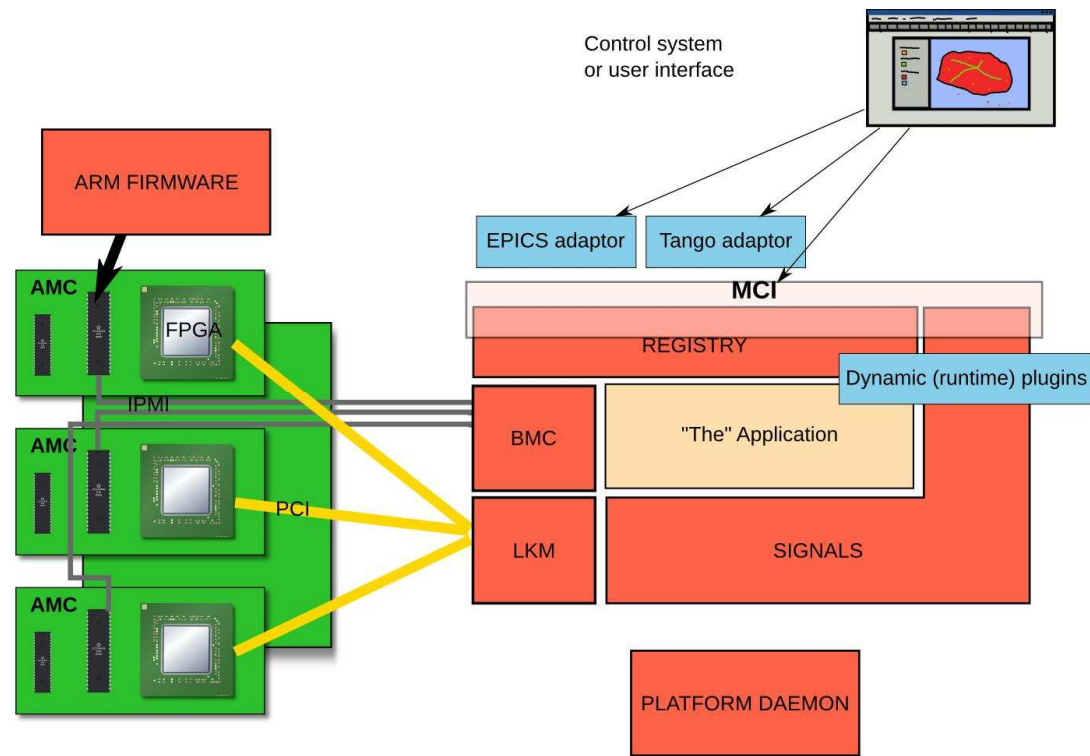
## Libera Instruments on Platform B

- Platform B for more demanding applications.
- Designed in compliance with AMC.0 standard.
- Some features were added to achieve better performance for specific instrument.
- Modular design, offers more flexibility.
- Hot swap capable modules (MTTR)
- Instrument portfolio built on this platform:
  - Libera LLRF (various configurations)
  - Libera Brilliance +
  - Libera Single Pass H



## SW Architecture

- modular design
- platform management daemon
- PCIe via Linux Kernel Module
- common libraries (registry and signals)
- measurement and control interface (MCI)
- high-level application SW
- control system interface adaptors



## Summary

- Advanced applications on the accelerators demand:
  - High availability
  - High reliability
  - Short MTTR
  - Intelligent robust diagnostics and management
  - Powerful distributed computing
- $\mu$ TCA for physics standard meets these demands.
- Instrumentation Technologies has the know-how and experience for prompt implementation!