

BPM upgrade in the BESSY-II injector

Tackling issues from mature installation with flexible instrumentation

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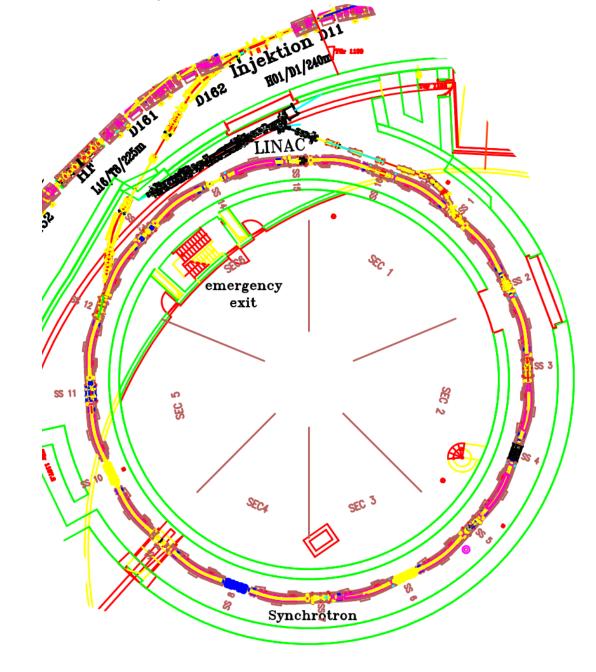
Overview

Introduction to the BESSY II Injector
Ghost signals?
Solution by changing NCO
Installation of new BPM electronics
Conclusion



BESSY II INJECTOR AND BPMS

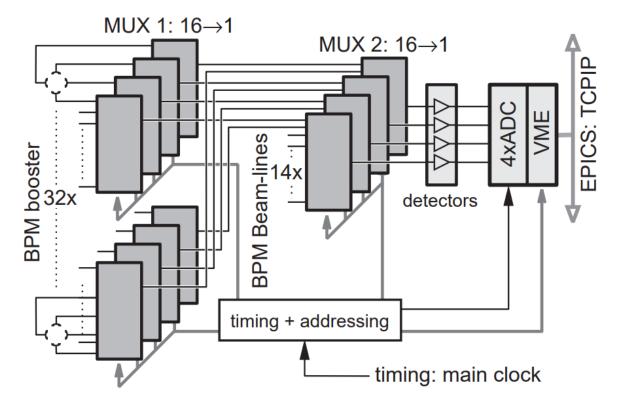
- In operation since April 1997
- Booster synchrotron has 16 cells, 32 BPMs
- Cycling at 10Hz, acceleration within 30ms
- Operated with 1 to 5 bunches in 160 buckets
- 1997 multiplexer of all pickups to a single set of electronics
- 2015 upgraded to multiplexer and single oscilloscope
- 2019 trials with Libera Digit 500
- 2020 trialled existing Libera Brilliance
- 2021 trialled single Libera Spark ERXR
- 2022 upgraded to 32 Libera Spark ERXR in the booster





ORIGINAL BOOSTER BPM SYSTEM

- Many multiplexers, two in sequence
- Only one set of electronics with four detectors
- Four ADCs (12 bit, 10 MS/s, 512k memory), in VME
- Data delivered to EPICS
- Orbit evolution had to be recorded on succesive shots
- Assumed individual shots are reproducible

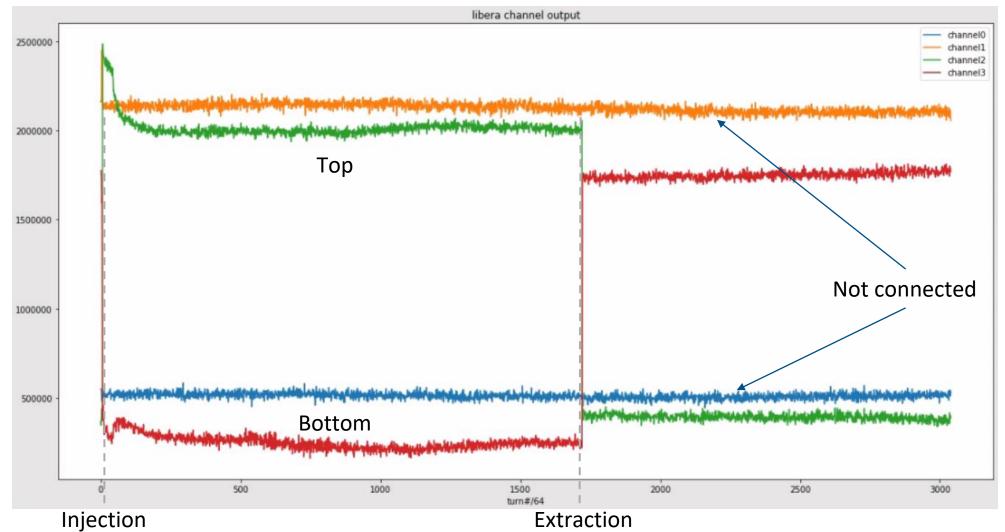


From "Fast and Flexible BPM-System: Valuable Commissioning Tool for BESSY II", R.J.

Bakker et.al., Proceedings of EPAC 1998

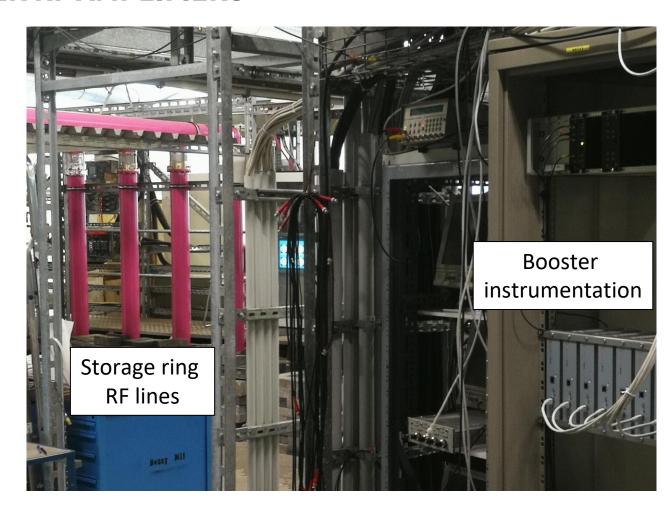


GHOST SIGNALS SEEN DURING FIRST TESTS WITH LIBERA



IDENTIFIED AS CROSSOVER FROM POWER RF AMPLIFIERS

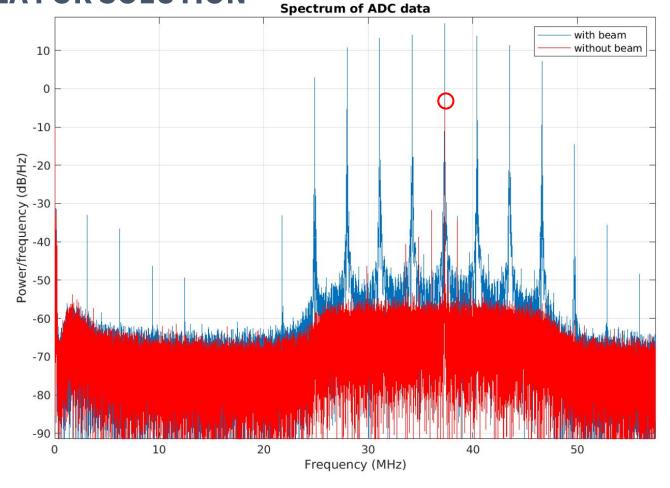
- RF amplifiers for both storage ring RF and booster RF are just a few meters from the booster instrumentation racks
- Power RF uses >100m of large coax lines with ~100 bolted connections
- BPMs use flexible cabling with single sheath and weak shielding
- Signal at RF frequency is received three ways: from buttons, from main RF and from booster RF!
- Interference causes ,ghost signals'
- Conditions change with pickup position and time





SIGNALS SEEN IN ADC SPECTRA AND IDEA FOR SOLUTION

- Large ADC rate (~117MS/s) buffer processed through FFT
- Strong RF signal even without beam
- Beam signal repeats every 3.125 MHz = revolution frequency
- IDEA: Could the BPM receiver be tuned to a different revolution side band?
- But we want to maintain the correct TbT rate!
- NOTE: Strong sideband exist only with short fills (BESSY II booster has only 1-5 of 80 buckets filled)



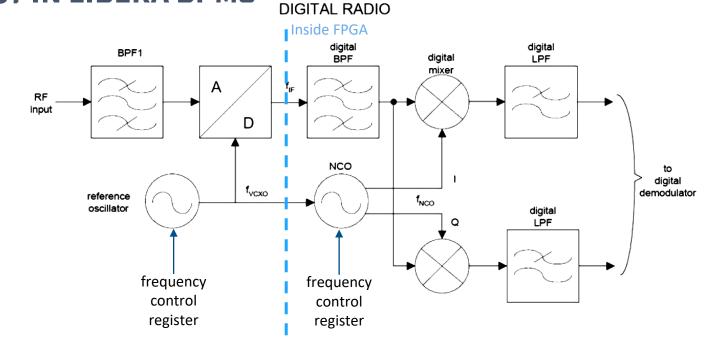


BRIEF DISCOURSE: DOUBLE SUPER-HETERODYNE RADIO RECEIVER

In digital BPMs: Digital Further Filtering Digital Magnitude ADC Digital Filter Mixer and Decimation **Button** Computation RF RF 1st IF Amplifier 2nd 2nd IF Amplifier (CORDIC) Audio 1st Amplifier Mixer **Demodulator Amplifier Filter** & Filter Mixer & Filter 2nd Local **Position Computation** 1st Local Oscillator Oscillator from channel magnitudes Sample Clock Numerically Oscillator Controlled Oscillator

CHANGING THE RECEIVER FREQUENCY IN LIBERA BPMS

- The reference oscillator can be reprogrammed,
 but this will change ADC and derived TbT rate
- The Numerically Controlled Oscillator can be reprogrammed, without impact on the rate
- Access to NCO frequency control register exists on Libera Brilliance and Libera Spark
- All that is required is a single write to that register

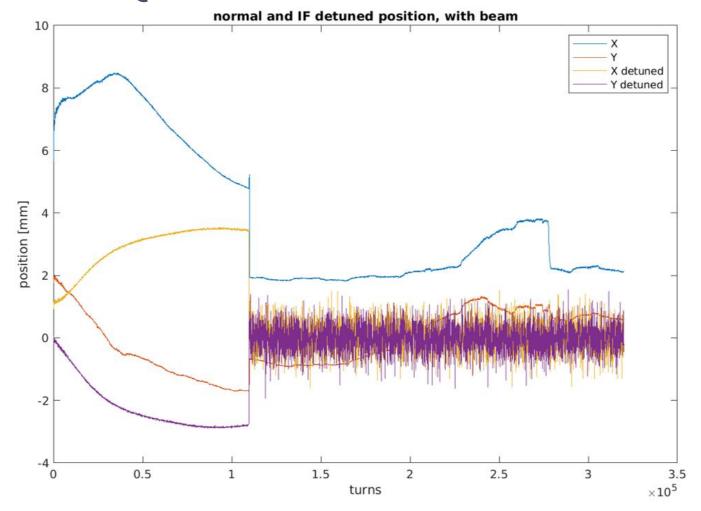


From Libera Spark User Manual, with additions



POSITION READINGS WITH CHANGED NCO FREQUENCY

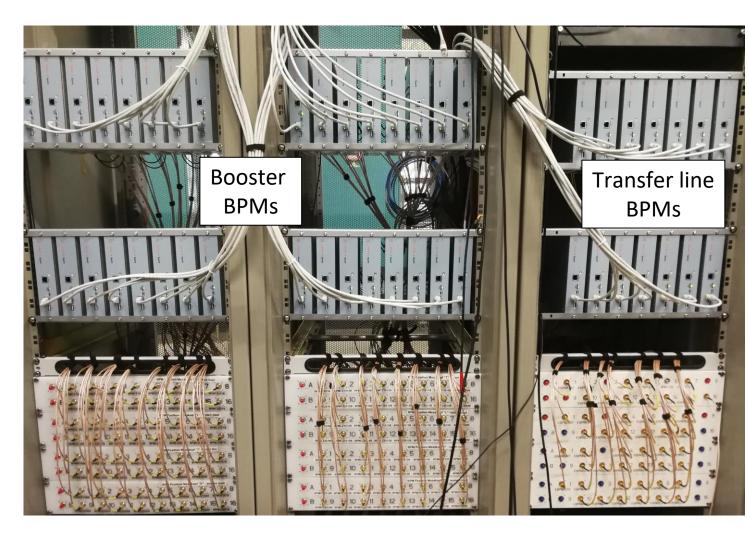
- Position readings with changed NCO (IF detuned)
 look more like expectations
- No more ghost positions after extraction of beam
- Also much better reproducibility
- Trivial changes from the user level on Libera
 Brilliance and Spark
- NOTE: Would be nice if the digital filter could be changed in frequency as well!





UPGRADE OF ALL BOOSTER BPMS TO LIBERA SPARK ERXR

- 50 BPM systems tendered and procured in 2021
- Delivered and installed Dec 2021
- Operation from Feb 2022
- Transfer line BPMs are identical. Processing of ADC sample in external python script for positions of single passage





TRIGGERING AND CLOCKS TO MANY LIBERA SPARK ERXR

- Triggers and clocks are currently in short supply
- Timing distribution system upgrade is in process
- Triggers to each rack daisy chained to 16 BPMs
- Revolution clock to all installed 46 BPMs daisy chained
- Possible due to high impedance inputs in Libera
 Spark ERXR
- Have to use short T connectors, available in LEMO-00
- NOTE: Avoid RG-316 as signal cables. We plan to swap these to LMR-100.





Conclusions

- Crosstalk from RF plant (sends up to 80dBm) to BPMs (receives below -70 dBm) remains a risk in accelerators
 - Particularly, when signal power is low and RF plant is near
 - Avoid cables with low shielding effectiveness
- Changing the NCO frequency can produce quick relief
 - Show to work on Libera Brilliance and Libera Spark ERXR
 - Works only if signal has strong revolution sidebands <-> short fill pattern
- Triggers/Clocks have been successfully daisy chained between up to 46 BPMs



Thank you for your attention!

Questions?



IMPLEMENTATION DETAIL ON LIBERA SPARK ERXR

```
mdiadm@opic11c /home/controls/mdiadm
                                                                               X
root@spark33:/opt/etc/init.d# more S99local
#!/bin/sh
echo "++ Running user init script: ${0}"
 Feel free to add custom initialization commands here.
 Special tweaks for operation in the BESSY-II booster
 Copy the stored keys including the mdiadm key to its use location
cp /opt/bessy-II/authorized keys /root/.ssh
 Stop old ntpd, and start one with the correct peer address
/etc/init.d/S49ntpd stop
ntpd -p 192.168.212.33
 Change the NCO setting to receive not the main bunching harmonic, but
 one revolution harmonic to the side. This is required, as cavity RF is
  leaking into the button pickup cables, and lead to incorrect position
 readings and fake charge.
 NCO freq in Hz= <register>/2**32 * sampling freq in Hz
opt/libera/bin/monitor /dev/libera.monitor 0x6040 1509042466
root@spark33:/opt/etc/init.d#
```