



June 17, 2020

BPM Studies in view of PETRA IV

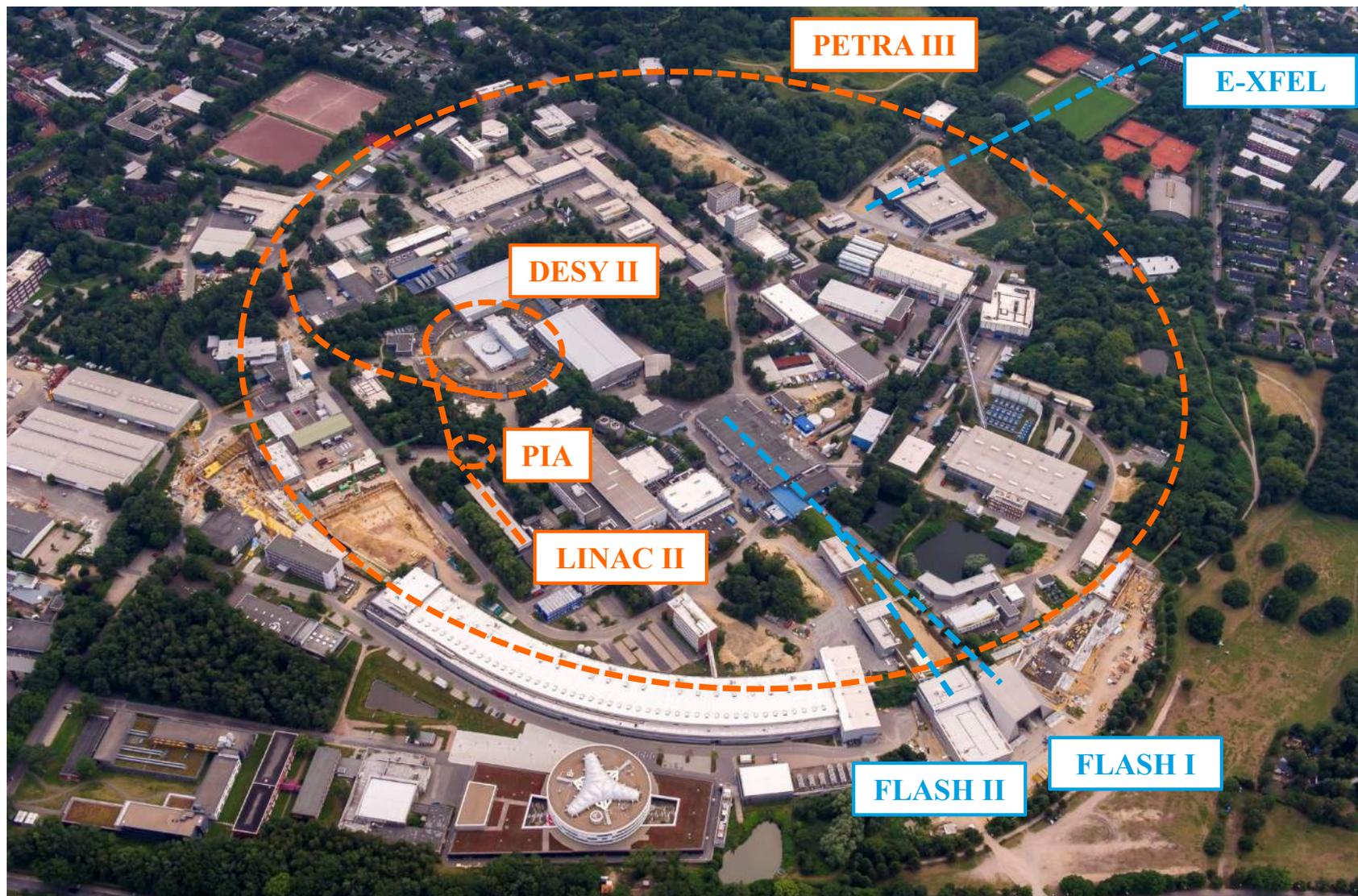
Gero Kube
DESY (Hamburg)

- Introduction
- Overview and Particularities of PETRA IV
- Beam Position Monitors
- Test Measurements at PETRA III

DESY Accelerator Complex (User Facilities)



HELMHOLTZ RESEARCH FOR
GRAND CHALLENGES



PETRA III @ DESY



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● PETRA history

- 1978 – 1986: e^+e^- collider (up to 23.3 GeV / beam)
- 1988 – 2007: pre-accelerator for HERA (p @ 40 GeV, e @ 12 GeV)
- since 2007: dedicated 3rd generation light source, commissioned in 2009 TDR: DESY 2004-035
 - **14 beamlines** (15 experimental stations) operating in parallel
- from 2014: staged extension project W. Drube et al., 2016 <https://doi.org/10.1063/1.4952814>
 - **up to 12 additional beamlines** (presently not all of them in operation)



Extension Hall East
Ada Yonath

Max von Laue Hall

Extension Hall North
Paul P. Ewald

PETRA III @ DESY



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consequence of re-using HEP structure

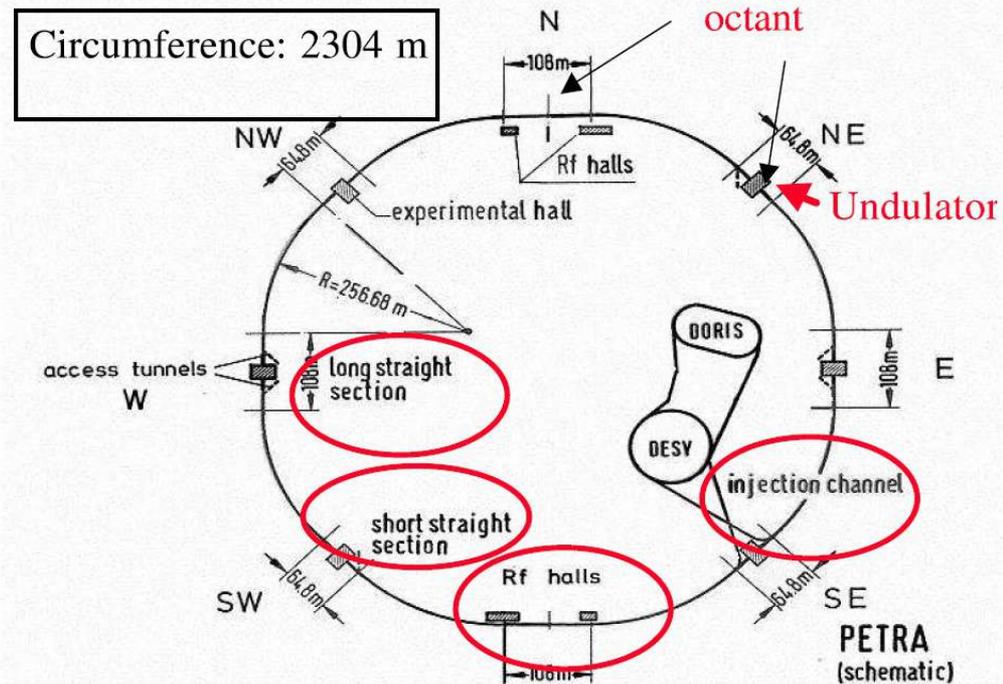
- ▶ large circumference
 - beamlines not all around the machine
 - small natural emittance
(+ space for damping wigglers)
- ▶ different machine sectors
 - 8 arcs: $L_{\text{arc}} = 201.6 \text{ m}$
 - 4 long straight sections: $L_{\text{LSS}} = 108 \text{ m}$
 - 4 short straight sections: $L_{\text{SSS}} = 64.8 \text{ m}$

PETRA III concept

- ▶ one octant with DBA lattice
 - 9 cells / arc, $L_{\text{DBA}} = 23 \text{ m}$
(P3X: 2 additional DBA cells in 2 octants)
- ▶ canted undulator beamlines: (14 out of possible 26)
 - canting angles 5 / 20 mrad
- ▶ remaining part: FODO lattice + dispersion suppressors



asymmetric ring structure



Parameter			
Energy	6		GeV
Circumference	2304		m
Emittance (hor. / vert.)	1.2 / 0.012		nm rad
Total current	100		mA
Number of bunches	960	40	
Bunch population	0.5	12	$10^{10} e^-$
Bunch separation	8	192	ns

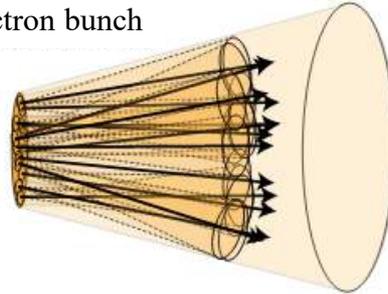
Diffraction Limited Storage Ring

„diffraction“ limited

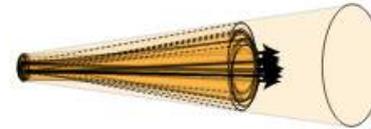
single electron



PETRA III
electron bunch



PETRA IV
electron bunch



natural emittance scaling

$$\epsilon_x \propto \gamma^2 \theta^3 \Gamma$$

$$\gamma = E / m_0 c^2$$

Lorentz factor

θ :

bending magnet angular deflection

Γ :

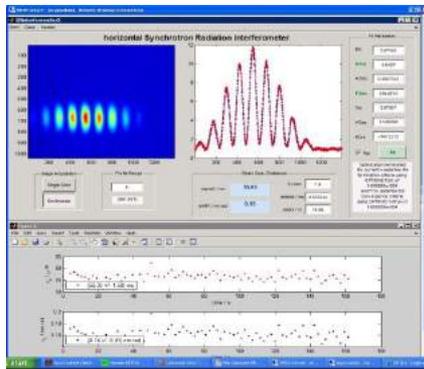
magn. lattice design of storage ring

emittance reduction

› reduction of beam energy

› reduce deflection angle θ per bending

- from *double* bend achromat (2) to *multi* bend achromat (5, 7, 9, ...)
- MAX IV paved the way
- others followed / will follow soon (SIRIUS, ESRF-EBS, ...)



PETRA III operated @ 3 GeV

→ $\epsilon_x \approx 150 \text{ pm.rad}$

but: E defines radiation spectrum

$$\hbar\omega_c \approx 0.665 E^2 B$$



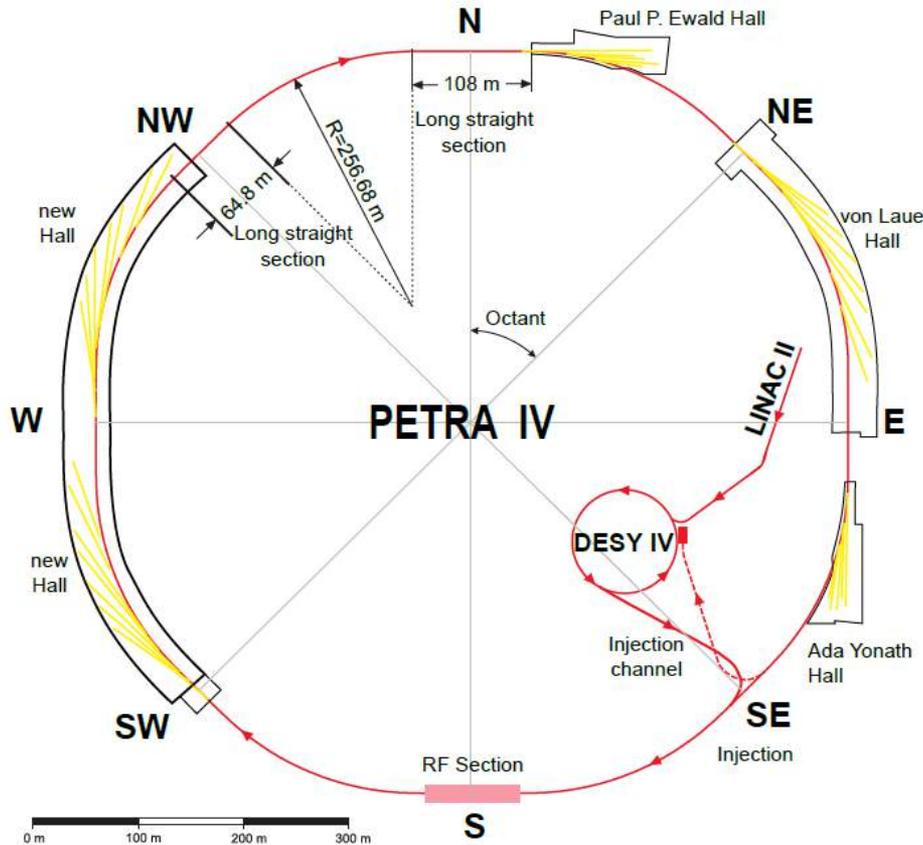
PETRA IV

PETRA IV: Overview



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PETRA IV storage ring and pre-accelerators



- ▶ use of old accelerator tunnel
 - HEP structure remains
- ▶ asymmetric ring structure
 - reduced momentum / dynamic acceptance (estimated: factor 1.5 – 2)
 - beam dynamics safely under control
- ▶ no canted undulator beamlines foreseen
 - strong emittance increase
 - additional experimental hall (30 straight ID sections)

Design parameter	PETRA III		PETRA IV	
Energy / GeV	6		6	
Circumference / m	2304		2304	
Operation mode	Continuous	Timing	Brightness	Timing
Emittance (horz. / vert.) / pm rad	1300 / 10		< 20 / 4	< 50 / 10

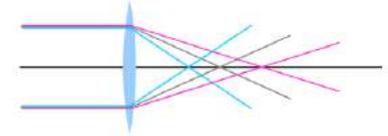


PETRA IV Lattice



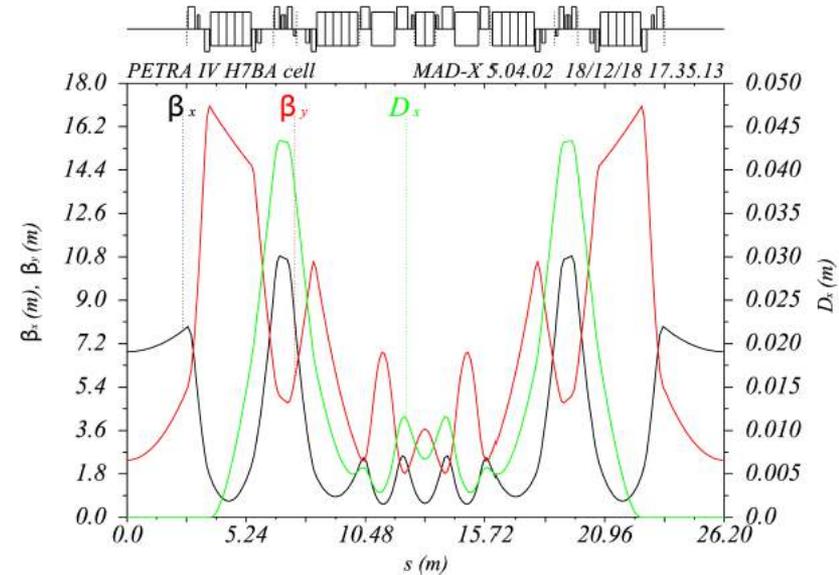
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- Extremely low emittances → strong focusing required
 - consequence
 - large negative chromaticity has to be compensated
 - needs strong sextupoles
 - negative impact on nonlinear beam dynamics
 - strong decrease of dynamic / momentum aperture



- Hybrid-Multibend Achromat (HMBA)

- based on 7-bend achromat
 - ESRF-EBS J. Biasci et al., Sync. Rad. News 27 (2014) 8
- creation of two dispersion bumps
 - inside bumps: three sextupole families installed
 - helps to significantly reduce sextupole strength
- cell length $L_{\text{HMBA}} = 26.2 \text{ m}$ (PETRA III: $L_{\text{DBA}} = 23 \text{ m}$)
 - beamline configuration of PETRA III cannot be preserved
 - 8 HMBA cells / arc → 64 HMBA cells
- further emittance reduction via reverse bends → in discussion



- straight sections
 - 4 with space for 10m-IDs
 - remaining straights
 - based on FODO structure

PETRA IV: Operation Modes

from PETRA III to PETRA IV

Design Parameter	PETRA III	
Energy / GeV	6	
Circumference / m	2304	
Emittance (horz. / vert.) / pm	1300 / 10	
Total current / mA	100	
Number of bunches	960	40
Bunch population / 10^{10}	0.5	12
Bunch separation / ns	8	192

design goal:



$\times 65$ smaller ϵ_x

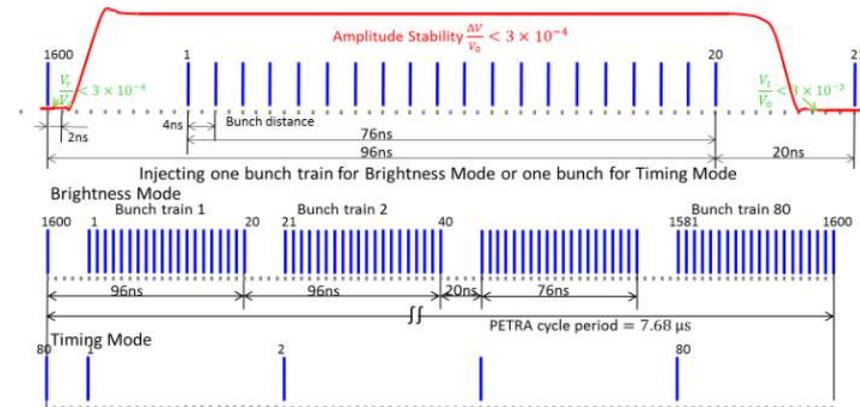
PETRA IV	
6	
2304	
< 20 / 4	< 50 / 10
200	80
1600	80
0.6	5
4 + gaps	96

brightness mode

timing mode

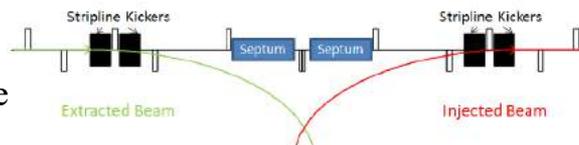
timing structure

- general fill pattern $\rightarrow 80 \times$ *Bunch Train*
- bunch train duration: 96 ns
 - $\rightarrow 80 \times 96 \text{ ns} = 7.68 \mu\text{s} = T_{\text{rev}}$
- brightness mode** \rightarrow *Bunch Train* = 20 bunches
 - 4 ns spacing + 20 ns kicker gap
- timing mode** \rightarrow *Bunch Train* = 1 bunch



injection scheme

- swap-out on-axis injection
 - \rightarrow dynamic aperture on average larger than 5σ of injected beam

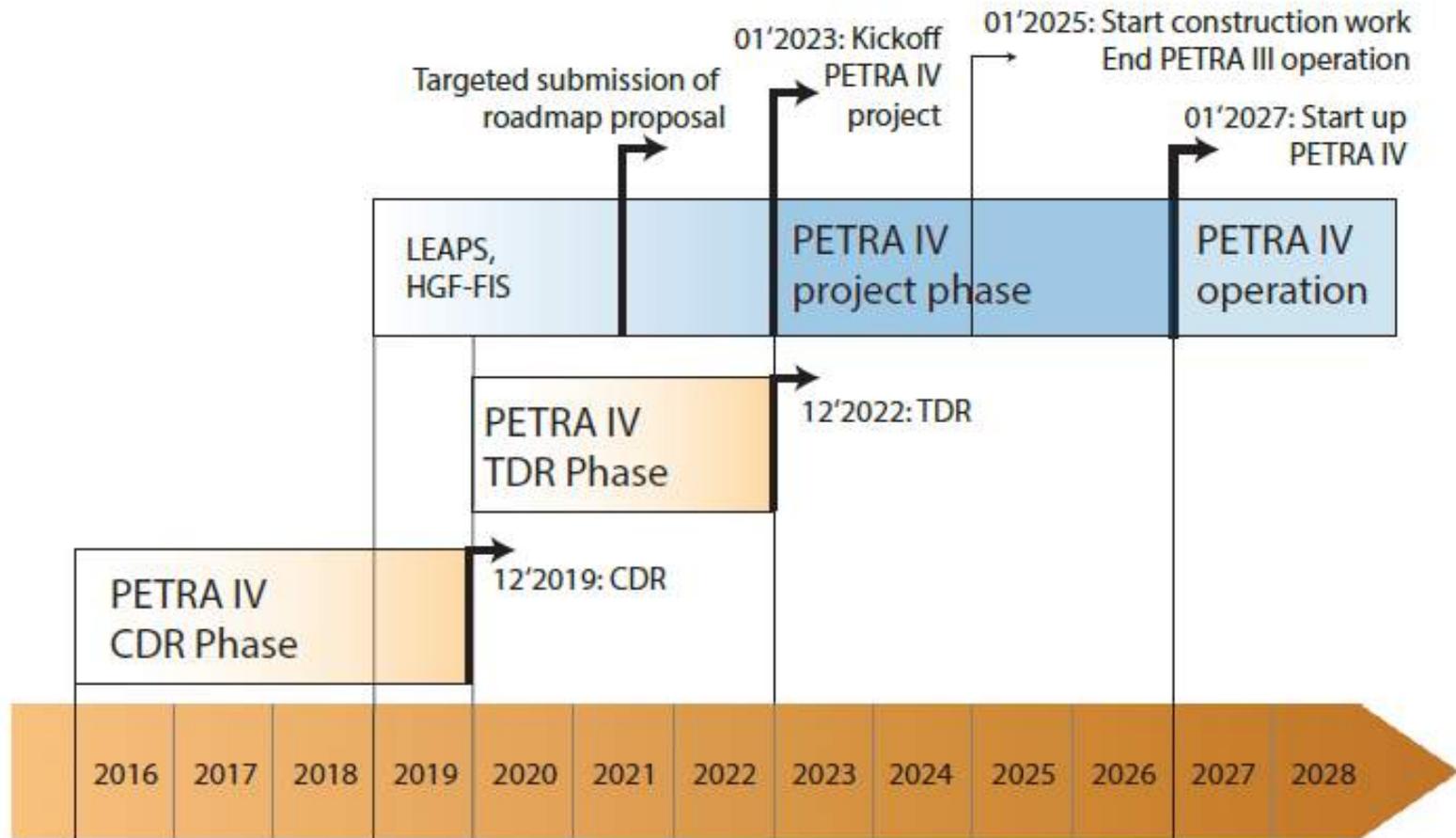


- max. intensity variation < 10%
 - \rightarrow injection rate 0.5 Hz (timing mode)

PETRA IV: Timeline



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C.G. Schroer et al., PETRA IV: Upgrade of PETRA III to the Ultimate 3D X-ray Microscope. Conceptual Design Report

● presently: beginning phase of *Technical Design Report*

PETRA IV: Beam Position Monitors

● information available

› number of BPMs

→ 11 BPMs per HMBA cell (present status)

64 cells, i.e. 640 BPMs in the arc section

8 BPMs in short, 12 BPMs in long straight sections



784 BPMs (guess)

› pickup chamber

→ arc section: round beam pipe, \varnothing 20 mm

→ ID section: not yet defined

undulator chambers something similar to PETRA III

→ material: stainless steel (probably)

→ mechanically fix points: connected via RF shielded bellows to vacuum chambers

› resolution

→ single bunch / turn: **< 20 μm** (assuming 0.5 mA in single bunch → 2.5×10^{10} particles bunch)

→ closed orbit: **< 100 nm** (rms, 200 mA in 1600 bunches) @ 300 Hz BW

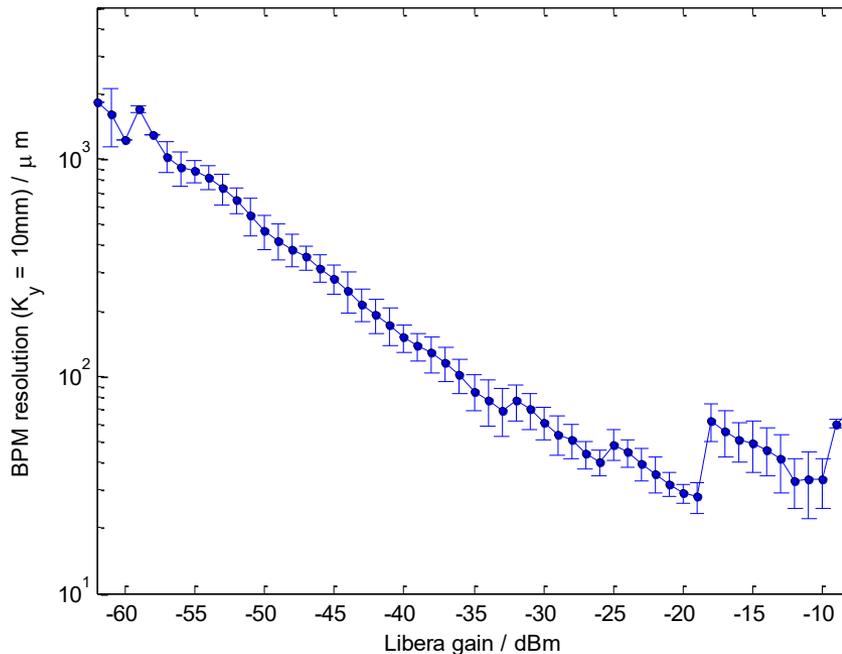
● resolution studies @ PETRA III

› consider only read-out electronics → assume $K_{x,y} = 10$ mm

PETRA IV: TbT Single Bunch Resolution

- first step: Libera Brilliance
 - use all devices (246) @ PETRA III for orbit measurements
 - correlation analysis (PCA) to eliminate correlated jitter

G. Kube et al., Proc. IBIC 2019, WEPP005



$\min(RMS_{x,y}) \approx 30 \mu\text{m}$

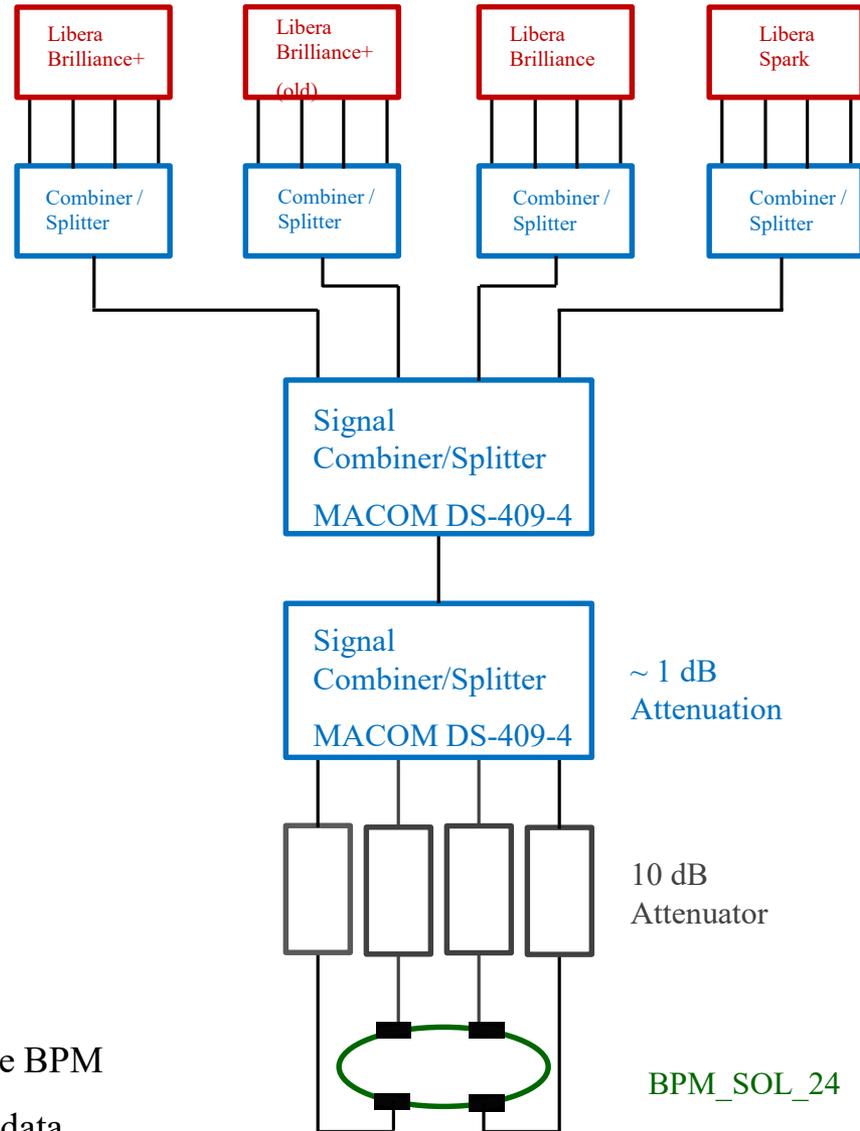


Libera Brilliance resolution not sufficient for PETRA IV

- CDR: rely on Libera Brilliance+ (estimated from S. Condamoor et al., Proc. IBIC 2018, TUPB12)

Test of Read-out Electronics

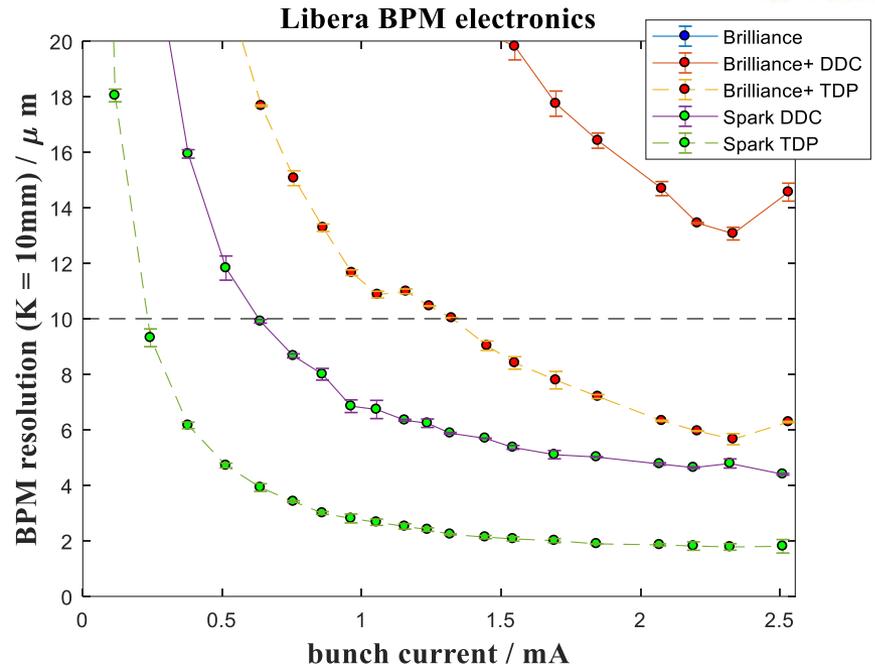
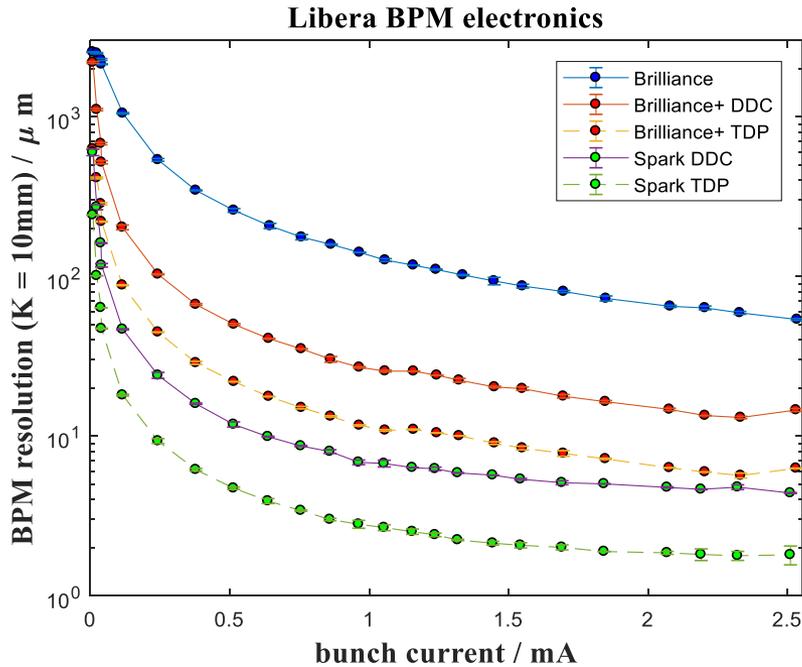
- beam test @ PETRA III: december 2018
 - › Libera Brilliance
 - BPM_SOL_24, in use at PETRA III
 - › Libera Brilliance+
 - CDR: PETRA IV system
 - one system bought for DORIS / Olympus
 - one system recently bought
 - › Libera Spark
 - new platform, no long-term stabilization
 - borrowed from I-Tech (thanks !)
- BPM TbT resolution determination
 - › orbit data contain contributions due to
 - correlated beam jitter
 - noise of BPM electronics
- disentangle contributions
 - › correlation analysis → does not work for single BPM
 - › eliminate correlated jitter → sum & split orbit data



Resolution Comparison



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Libera Brilliance+

- digital down conversion (DDC)

$\sigma < 10 \mu\text{m}$ never achieved

$\sigma = 19.8 \mu\text{m}$ @ $I_B = 1.549 \text{ mA}$ (-29 dB)

→ correct for attenuation: $I_B = 0.38 \text{ mA}$ ($\approx -42 \text{ dB}$)

- time domain processing (TDP)

$\sigma = 10.3 \mu\text{m}$ @ $I_B = 1.323 \text{ mA}$ (-30 dB)

→ correct for attenuation: $I_B = 0.38 \text{ mA}$



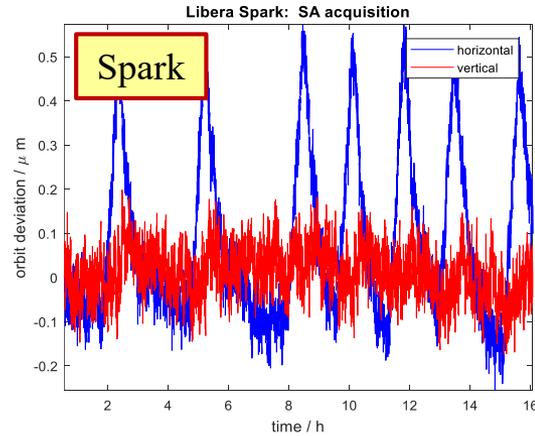
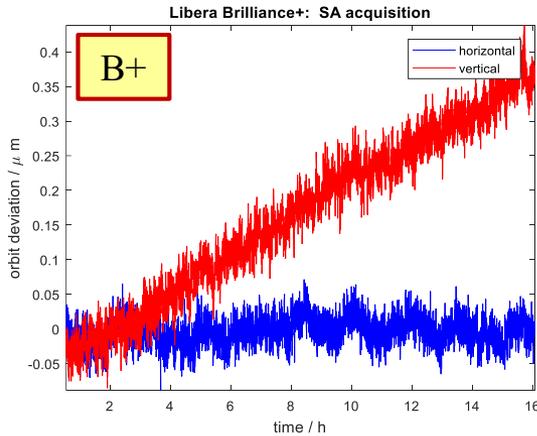
DDC mode	$< 20 \mu\text{m}$ (rms)	→	$I_B \approx 0.4 \text{ mA}$
TDP mode	$\approx 10 \mu\text{m}$ (rms)	→	$I_B \approx 0.4 \text{ mA}$

would fulfil requirements

→ but Libera Spark is better...

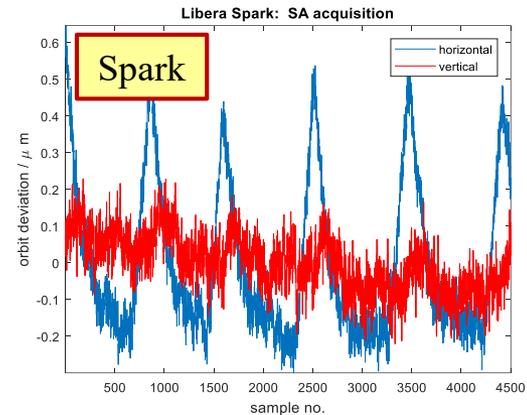
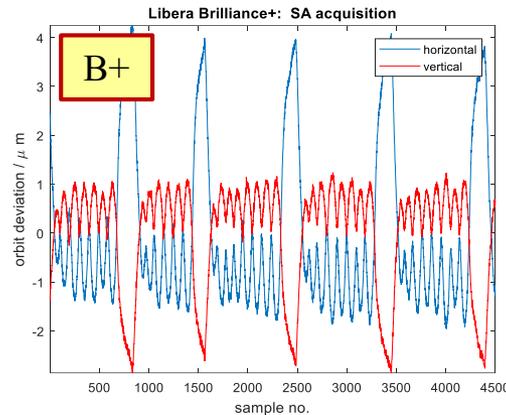
Long Term Stability

- user operation: 480 bunches @ 100 mA, top-up
 - all Liberass in closed orbit (SA) mode → drift compensation (digital signal conditioning, DSC) on



Spark:
no DSC available

- no DSC



- Spark stability per se better



with stabilization ?

Pilot Tone Stabilization

- pilot tone (PT) as reference signal for calibration / compensation

- › signal path is the same for carrier and pilot
- › several proposals

SLS: M. Dehler et al., Proc. DIPAC'99, p. 168

NSLS II: J. Mead et al., Proc. IBIC'14, p. 500

SIRIUS: R.A. Baron et al., Proc. IBIC'13, p. 670

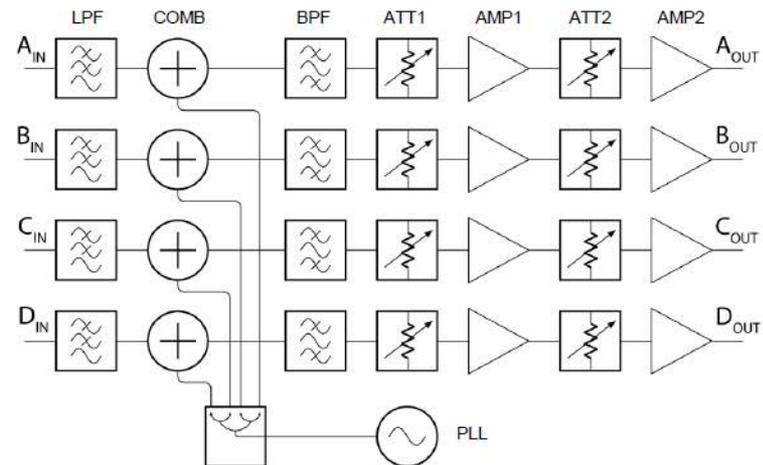
ELETTRA: G. Brajnik et al., AIP Conf. Proc. 1741 (2016) 020013

- ELETTRA BPM front end

G. Brajnik et al., Proc. IBIC'16, p. 307

- › modular approach

- analog front end in accelerator tunnel
- digitizer in electronics cabinet



- ELETTRA front end in combination with Libera Spark

M. Cargnelutti et al., *Stability Tests with Pilot-Tone Based Elettra BPM RF Front End and Libera Electronics*, Proc. IBIC'18, TUPB013

D. Bisiach et al., *Beam Measurements Results of a BPM System Implementing the Pilot-Tone Stabilization Concept*, Proc. IBIC'19, WEPP012 (unpublished)

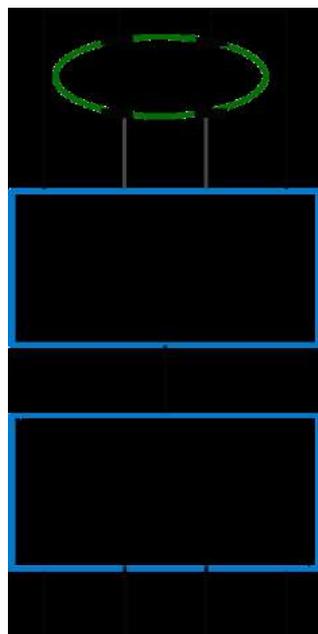
Setup at PETRA III



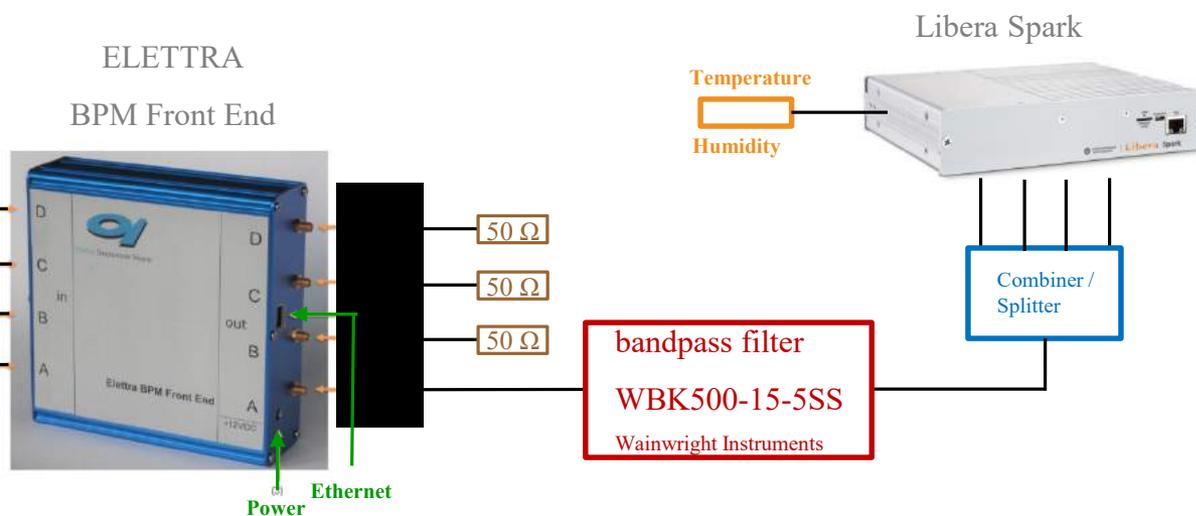
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beam tests @ PETRA III

BPM_SOL_24



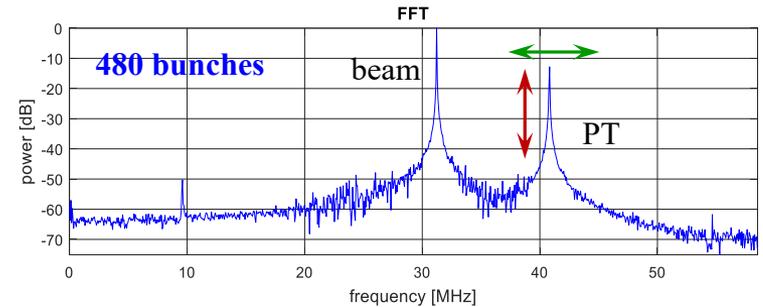
- › Libera Spark (incl. temperature / humidity sensor)
 - borrowed from I-Tech (thanks to I-Tech)
- › ELETTRA BPM Front End
 - borrowed from ELETTRA (thanks to ELETTRA)
- › bandpass filter: extend BPM front end signals
 - by default too short for PETRA III fill patterns



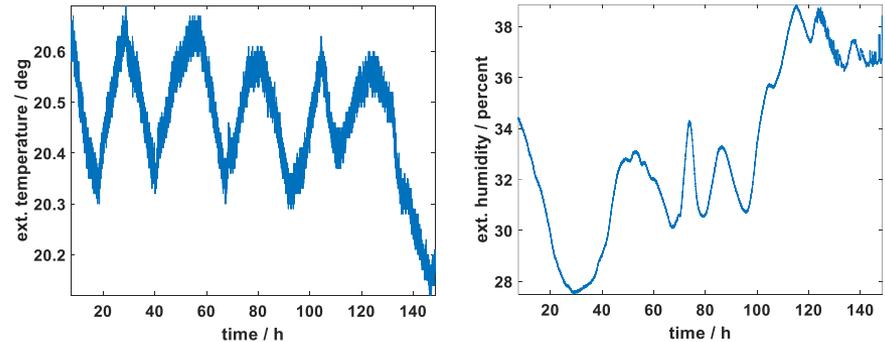
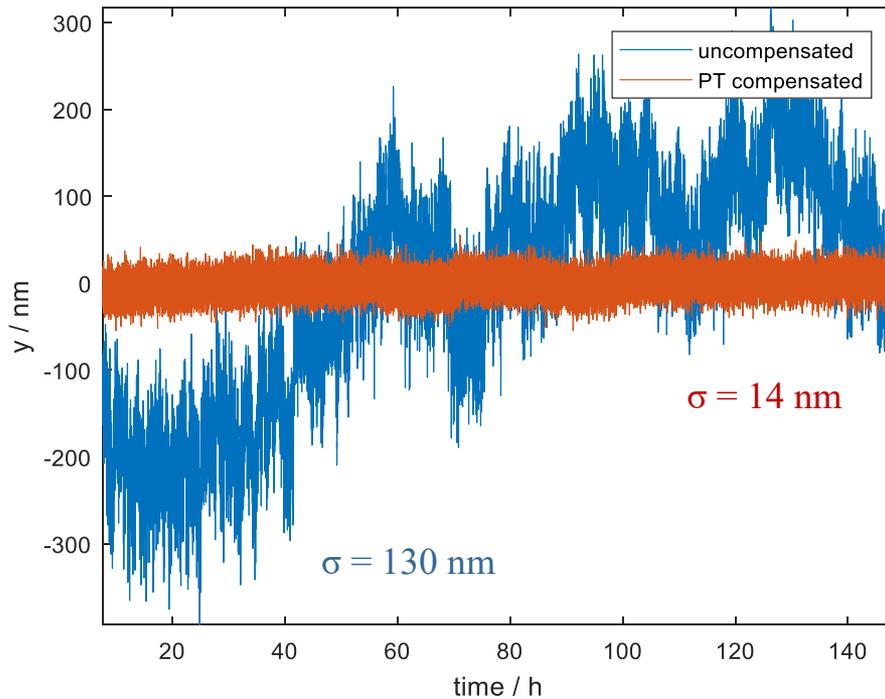
Measurements and Results

- optimization of pilot tone (PT) settings
 - scan of PT amplitude
 - scan of PT frequency
- “long term” measurement for optimized settings
 - 6.8 days (december 2019)

ADC spectrum @ intermediate frequency ($f_{IF} = \left| \text{rnd} \left(\frac{f}{f_{ADC}} \right) \cdot f_{ADC} - f \right|$)



- environmental changes



excellent long term stability

Summary and Conclusion

● PETRA IV

- › new diffraction limited light source @ DESY
- start up planned 01/2027

● BPM system

- › about 800 BPMs for orbit control
- space for read-out electronics becomes an issue (and for sure: price...)
- ➡ compact design

● Libera Brilliance

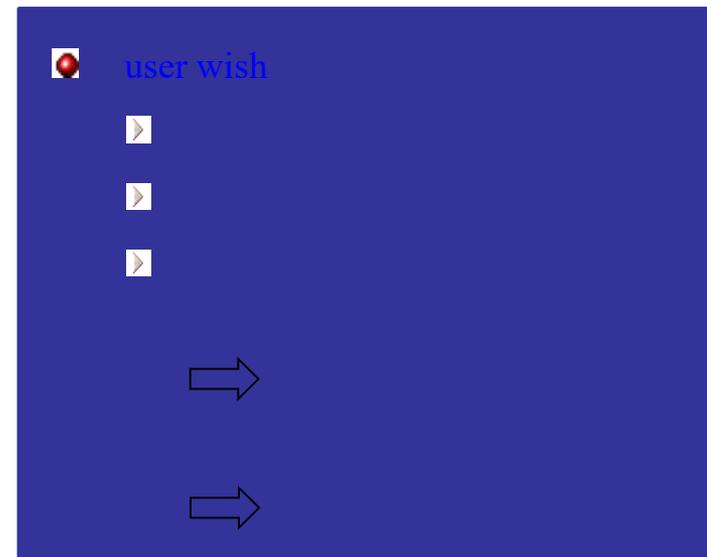
- › single bunch resolution → specs not fulfilled for PETRA IV

● Libera Brilliance+

- › (present) specs fulfilled → old platform, space...
- ➡ new Libera Brilliance+ (talk Peter Leban)

● Libera Spark

- › single bunch resolution much better
 - › in combination with PT front end
 - long term stability very nice
- } no AGC, ...



- user wish
- ›
- ›
- ›
- ➡
- ➡